WEATHER
Probably fair Monday and Tuesday; rising temperature.

WILMINGTON
THE MORNING STAR

FACTS about goods have their strongest and most far-reaching appeal when presented in the medium of facts—the newspaper.

VOL. XCVIII--NO. 165 WILMINGTON, N. C., MONDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 4, 1916 WHOLE NUMBER 39,693

WASHINGTON, D. C. LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

THIRTEEN ZEPPELINS TOOK PART IN RAID OVER ENGLISH COAST

Was the Most Formidable Attack Ever Made on England, Say Official Statements.

PART OF LONDON ATTACKED

One of the Three Airships Which Reached City Was Shot Down—Others Driven Off.

TWO KILLED; 13 INJURED

Statements Say There Was No Military Damage of Any Sort.

London, September 3. — Thirteen Zeppelin airships took part in the raid over the eastern counties last night, and official statements issued this afternoon say it was the most formidable attack by air ever made on England. Only three of the Zeppelins were able to approach the outskirts of London. One of these was shot down, and the other two were driven off by aircraft guns and aeroplanes.

An official statement issued early tonight said latest reports based upon careful inquiries showed that the total casualties were two persons killed and 13 injured.

No Military Damage

The text of this statement, which was issued by the field marshal commander-in-chief of the home forces, follows:

"Careful inquiries show that the casualties and damage caused by the air raid last night were quite disproportionate to the number of ships employed. The number of casualties which have been reported are as follows:

"Killed, one man, one woman.

"Injured, 11 men and one woman and two children.

"No casualties occurred in the metropolitan police district. Latest reports show that in the metropolitan police district twenty-five houses and some outbuildings were slightly damaged. Two water mains were cut and three horses killed.

"Elsewhere the damage was very slight, a certain number of cottages being damaged as well as a church, while a fire occurred at some gas works.

"There was no military damage of any sort."

An official statement on the raid, issued earlier in the day, said:

Most Formidable Attack.

"Last night's raid was carried out by 13 airships and thus was the most formidable attack that has been made on this country. The principal theatre of operations was the eastern counties and the objective seems to have been London and certain industrial centers in the midlands.

"The measure taken for the reduction or obscuration of lights undoubtedly proved most efficacious, for the raiding squadrons instead of steering a steady course as in the raids of the spring and of last autumn, groped about in darkness looking for a safe avenue of approach to their objectives.

"Three airships only were able to approach the outskirts of London. One of them appeared over the northern district about 2:15 in the morning where she was picked up by search lights and heavily engaged by anti-aircraft guns and aeroplanes. After a few minutes the air ship was seen to burst into flames and fall rapidly towords the earth.

Wrecked Zeppelin Found.

"The ship was destroyed, the wreckage, engines and half burned bodies of the crew being found at Cuffey, near Enfield.

"Experts hope to reconstruct certain portions of the frame work. The large amount of wood employed in the frame work of the Zeppelin is startling and would seem to point to a shortage of aluminum in Germany.

"The other two ships which approached London were driven off by the defenses without being able to reach the center of the city.

"A great number of bombs were dropped promiscuously over the East Anglian and southeastern counties, but complete reports as to casualities and damage have not yet been received. Those in hand indicate that the damage and loss of life will not be heavy considering the number of ships engaged, a great number of bombs dropped having fallen either into the sea or in remote country districts.

"It is hoped that any persons who picked up fragments of the wrecked aircraft will submit them to general headquarters without delay. If of no value in the reconstruction of the airships they will be returned to their owners. It should be remembered that the retention of such articles in a contravention of the defense of the realm regulations."

Lasted Several Hours.

The Zeppelin raid which lasted from late last night until the early hours of this morning and which was on the largest scale yet undertaken did not afford Londoners the spectacle that did those of this time last year, although from many parts of the city people who were awakened by the

(Continued on Page Eight.)

CONGRESSMEN AND SENATORS LEAVING

Scores of Members Packed Their Campaign Speeches and Left Saturday Night.

ADJOURNMENT IN FEW DAYS

Only the Revenue Bill, Which Is Now Before the Senate, Remains of the Administration Legislative Programme.

Washington, Sept. 3.—The congressional exodus after nine eventful months of legislation already has begun. With adjournment practically assured by Wednesday or Thursday, scores of members packed their campaign speeches last night immediately after they had saved the nation from a railroad strike and rushed for unthreatened trains bound for the political battlefield.

By midnight there had vanished the quorum of the House which had been held to guard against any possible slip between the Senate and the White House in the progress of the 8-hour day bill. Many senators also, satisfied that the emergency revenue bill, will, when passed, conclude important business of the Senate, departed for their homes or on campaign itineraries. Some are bound for Maine to aid in the whirlwind finish by both parties in the state and senatorial elections there that will serve as a curtain-raiser for the national campaign.

All that remains on the administration legislative programme in the Senate is the revenue bill and the Webb bill to permit American exporters to establish combination selling agencies abroad. Senate leaders plan to incorporate the Webb bill into the Revenue bill as an amendment in order to assure quick action of it. Senator Simmons, chairman of the finance committee, conferred today with some of his colleagues regarding the plan. It is his opinion that the revenue measure will be ready for conference by Tuesday night, and that Congress should adjourn by Thursday night at the latest. The House is practically done with everything except the revenue conference report and can adjourn whenever Senate leaders give the word.

It is probable the Senate will take an hour or two to pass the Porto Rico citizenship and election bill, but no other measures are on the programme.

There are the corrupt practices and immigration bills, however, still on the calendar with Senators Owen and Smith, of South Carolina, ready to call them up if possible. Senator Owen insists that he will demand a vote on a motion to take up the corrupt practices bill. Republican Senators will not have it, however, and administration leaders are content to let the bill go over. Should Senator Owen attempt a filibuster, they insist that an adjournment resolution could be maneuvered to take him off his feet. There is a chance that the immigration bill, which President Wilson has already declared he would veto, may be taken up. Should this be done, the bill would be forced to conference and there it probably would remain when the adjournment gavels fell.

That railroad legislation of a permanent character must follow the 8-hour bill and temporary adjustment of the threatened labor crisis nis conceded. Already it looms up as the dominant subject for consideration of the next Congress and during recess of the Congress thorough study of the situation will be undertaken by the joint sub-committee of the Interstate Commerce committees created for the purpose. Senator Newlands, the chairman, has called a meeting of the subcommittee to be held some day this week to consider plans for the ad interim work.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS IN MEXICO HELD YESTERDAY

No Disorders Reported—Returns Will Come in Slowly.

Mexico City, Sept. 3.—Municipal elections were held through Mexico today and so far no disorders are reported. Returns will be slow in coming in. A decree issued by the government directed the governors of the various states and the military commanders not to interfere with the balloting.

Vera Cruz, Mexico, Sept. 3.—At the municipal elections held here today, only 10 per cent. of the voters took advantage of their newly gained rights. Domingo Ramos, representing the Mexican confederation of labor, who has just returned from a conference at Washington with President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, was elected mayor. He polled a total vote of 455.

BRITISH STEAMERS SUNK.

Lloyds' Reports That Four Have Been Sent Down.

London, September 3. — Lloyds' shipping agency today reported that the following British steamships had been sunk:

Duart, 3,108 tons, unarmed; Strathallan, 4,404 tons, unarmed; Kelvinia, 3,140 tons, unarmed, crew and passengers saved; Mascott, 1,097 tons, of Leith.

HOW THE CENTRAL POWERS ARE HEMMED IN

This map shows how Germany and her allies are virtually surrounded on every side by enemies. The Central Powers are shown in white, the Allies in black, and neutral countries are indicated by diagonal lines.

CROWDS GATHER TO GREET MR. WILSON

Delegations of Trainmen Extend Their Thanks for the New Eight-Hour Day Law.

PRESENTED WITH BOUQUETS

President on His Way to Hodgenville, Ky., Where Today He Will Accept the Lincoln Memorial for the Nation.

Charleston, W. Va., Sept. 3.—(On Board President Wilson's Special Train).—Crowds gathered at every station today and tonight where President Wilson's special train stopped on the way to Hodgenville, Ky., where the Lincoln homestead memorial is to be accepted for the government tomorrow. The President, having decided to have no politics on the trip, refused many insistent requests for speeches, but appeared on the platform frequently to greet the crowd and shake hands.

Everywhere the prevention of the railroad strike was mentioned and various delegations of trainmen came to extend their thanks for the 8-hour day law signed at Washington this morning by the President.

At Charlottesville, Va., a large delegation of members of the railroad brotherhoods presented the President with a bouquet of flowers from Monticello, the former home of Thomas Jefferson.

When the train stopped at Staunton, Va., several hundred people were at the station. Some one in the crowd asked whether "the old town looked the same."

"Well, when I lived here I was only two years old," he replied amid laughter.

At Clifton Forge, Va., more than 1,500 people swarmed about the car and the President shook hands with as many as possible. Enthusiasm ran high at Ronceverte, West Virginia, and Hinton, W. Va., as the President passed through. At the former place more than 500 people appeared with a band and at the latter station a group of railroad employes, 400 strong, applauded as he stepped on the observation platform, and gave Mr. Wilson a bouquet. Cheering was continuous during the ten minutes spent at the place. At Charleston tonight there was a throng of several thousand people.

President Wilson wrote letters to Senators Kern and Simmons urging immediate action by the Senate on the Webb bill passed yesterday by the House allowing American exporters to establish common selling agencies abroad.

The train is due to reach Hodgenville at 9:30 o'clock tomorrow morning.

New York, September 3. — James Edward Graybill, one of the famous founders of the Georgia Society in New York, died at his home here tonight. He was 72 years old. Mr. Graybill was born at Macon, Ga. He fought under General Joe Wheeler, in the war between the states.

ADVANCE ALONG FRONT OF FOUR MILES IS MADE BY FORCES OF ANGLO-FRENCH

They Make Combined Attack Between the Villages of Forest and Clery, and Capture Upwards of 3,000 Prisoners—German and Bulgarian Troops Have Invaded Rumania—Allied Ministers at Athens Make Demands Upon Greece.

A combined attack by French and British forces on the Somme front Sunday resulted in an important gain of ground between the villages of Forest and Clery, which lie to the south of Combles and to the east of Maurepas, over an extent of nearly four miles. These two places were occupied by the French, while the British captured a part of the village of Ginchy and gained total possession of Guillemont. Thus the advance of the Entente Allies is closing in Combles, which at present is a powerfully fortified German stronghold.

Upward of 3,000 Prisoners.

In the various attacks launched by the British and French upward of 3,000 prisoners were taken, together with a large number of guns. The artillery action prior to the infantry attacks was of great intensity along the Forest-Clery sector, while British and French inaugurated further attacks at various other points.

The German positions east of the village of Fleury also were overrun by the French who carried several trenches and organized works.

The Germans returned to their attacks in the Verdun sector sending large forces of infantry against the French positions at Vaux and Chapitre, and after heavy fighting, gaining a foothold in one of the French salients. At all points apparently the fighting continues with the utmost ferocity.

Teutons Invade Rumania.

In the Balkans, German and Bulgarian troops already have crossed the Dobrudja frontier, in southeastern Rumania, doubtless with the object of preventing the advance of the Russians through the territory into Bulgaria and possibly to Constantinople. Furious battles are in progress between Russians and Austro-German forces in Galicia east and southeast of Lemberg. Berlin reports the repulse of the Russians, but Petrograd declares that the Teutons have been driven from fortified positions and that several heights have been captured.

Allies Send Note to Greece.

Great Britain and France have sent a note to the Greek government demanding control over the Greek posts and telegraphs and insisting upon the deportation from Greece of agents of the Central Powers. Dispatches from Athens say it is understood that the Greek government will make no objection to the acceptance of these demands. Entente allied ships have sunk a German submarine off Phaleron. Unofficial reports from the Greek capital intimate the early announcement of an important change in the attitude of Greece.

The Austrian artillery on the Trentino front is actively engaged in shelling the Italians. There have been numerous infantry engagements, but the situation on the Austro-Italian frontier is without material change.

FRENCH POSITIONS VIOLENTLY BOMBARDED BY THE GERMANS

Paris, Sept. 3.—Fighting on the French section of the battle front in France last night was confined chiefly to artillery bombardments, according to the official statement issued this afternoon by the French war department. On the Somme front the French artillery was very active while in the region northeast of Verdun the Germans violently bombarded French positions between Thiaumont, Fleury and Chapitre Wood. In the Balkans, the statement says a Bulgarian attack northeast of Kukuruz was repulsed with heavy losses.

INFANTRY ENGAGEMENTS ON BRITISH FRONT IN FRANCE

London, September 3.—British and German forces were engaged in infantry fightig nthis morning north of the river Somme, in France, according to the British official statement issued this afternoon. Battles were in progress south of Thiepval and on the banks of the river Ancre. Fighting also was going on around Falfemont farm, on the British right wing. The sttaement adds that some ground was gaine dby the British.

FURIOUS FIGHTING REPORTED IN STATEMENT AT PETROGRAD

Petrograd, via London, Sept. 3.—Furious battles are being fought by Russians and Austro-German forces near Zlochoff and Holicz, to the east and southeast of Lemberg, in Galicia, according to today's Russian official statement. South of Rafailov, in the Carpathians and in the region of Dornavatra, on the Bukowina-Rumanian border, Russian troops, the announcement says, have driven the Teutons from fortified positions and have captured several heights, taking 300 prisoners.

VENIZELOS DECLARES FULL CONFIDENCE IN ZAIMIS

London, Sept. 3.—Ex-Premier Venizelos has declared his full confidence in Premier Zaimis, says the Athens correspondent of the Reuters Telegram Company, the only difference hitherto separating them being the latter's insistence on holding the elections at this juncture. In such even Venizelos threatens to abstain from the election.

The reconstruction of the Greek cabinet, with two adherents of Venizelos, General Danglis and M. Repoulis, the dispatch adds, is probable, while an official announcement of the postponement of the election is a foregone conclusion.

ALLIED DEMONSTRATION NOT DIRECTED AGAINST GREECE

Paris, Sept. 3.—"It is confirmed that the ministers at Athens have assured Premier Zaimis that the Entente naval demonstrations was not directed against Greece," telegraphs the Athens

(Continued on Page Eight.)

THINK THE FIGHT FOR VERDUN OVER

This is Conviction of French Officers Interviewed by the Associated Press.

TOWN ITSELF ABANDONED

German Losses in the Battle Known to be Half a Million While the French Have Lost Less Than Half That Number.

Verdun, Sept. 2, (via Paris, Sept. 3.—Under the escort of General D....., commander of the citadel of Verdun throughout the bombardment, the correspondent of the Associated Press made a circuit of the entire town and surrounding fortifications and heard the grim old hero sum up just what had been done and how the military balance sheet stands after these many months struggle.

It was the first time in several months that any correspondent had been admitted to Verdun and it gave the first opportunity to view the extent of the recent destruction.

One of the outstanding impressions from this day's tour among all ranking officers and to all strategic points was the absolute conviction of those on the ground that the fight for Verdun is over.

The German losses in the fruitless effort to take Verdun now are known to reach a half million men, while the French losses in successfully holding the town are less than half that number.

It is the belief in well informed quarters that the Germans will gradually let go of Verdun and before winter will try to shorten their lines along the whole western front by a steady retrograde movement. Many officers say that Rumania's entrance into the war will precipitate the withdrawal and an early German collapse.

In intermittent bombardment is still going on from forts Tavennes, Souville, St. Michael and Belleville which were barking steadily and giving off jets of black smoke. The German cannonade sounded like a distant roar and each day seems yet further away and less terrible than in the crucial days of the battle.

But the shelling goes steadily on; 48,000 shells have fallen inside the limits of Verdun during the battle. The daily number of these shells was seldom below 300, and one day 750 were counted. As the party stood there, a French aeroplane was attacked by a German gun, shrapnel bursting all around the aeroplane as it turned from the German positions and darted back to French cover.

The territory extent of the destruction was pointed out during the course of the tour from point to point suffering most. The town itself is utterly abandoned, not even soldiers being permitted in the streets. Such shops and houses as escaped the shalls are closed and barricaded. The whole lines of streets are crumbling ruins, with only a jagged wall remaining. The cathedral has two shell holes in the roof; the main altar is a mass of debris and

(Continued on Page Eight.)

PRESIDENT SIGNS ADAMSON BILL IN HIS PRIVATE CAR

To Avoid Any Question of Legality, the Measure Will be Signed Again Tuesday.

THERE WAS NO CEREMONY

If the Law is Declared Unconstitutional, Brotherhoods Say a Strike Will Follow.

Washington, September 3. — The Adamson 8-hour day bill, exacted from Congress last week by the railroad brotherhoods as the price of calling off the nation-wide strike order for tomorrow was signed by President Wilson today in his private car at the union station, where he stopped on his way from Shadow Lawn, N. J., to Hodgenville, Ky. That there may be no question as to the legality of the measure, as a result of it having been signed on Sunday, the President will affix his signature again upon his return to Washington next Tuesday.

Law May be Tested.

How peace shall reign as a result of the bill apparently is dependent upon developments in the proposed move to test the constitutionality of the act. Should the railroads take no action, but await the beginning of an investigation of the workings of the 8-hour day by teh special commission for which the measure provides, the brotherhoods will remain inactive. The employees' leaders declare, however, that should the law be held unconstitutional and the railroads attempt to restore the 10-hour day on their lines, a strike will follow, promptly.

Brotherhoods Make No Comment.

Brotherhood heads, in a circular letter to their members today, made no comment on the measure as passed. They merely pointed out that it would not become effective until next January 1, and that many things might occur between now and then which would change materially and suggestions or comment they might make.

None of the brotherhood leaders witnessed the signing of the bill. They had expected, according to the tentative arrangements made by Secretary Wilson last night, to be present but the President decided to attend to the business at the railroad station, and newspaper correspondents gave them their first information about it. The four pens used by the President in signing the bill—one for each syllable of his name—will be presented to the four brotherhood heads—A. B. Garretson, W. G. Lee, W. S. Carter and W. S. Stone, after being used for resigning the bills on Tuesday.

No Ceremony Attends Signing.

No ceremony attended the signing today. It originally had been planned that the Presient should go to the White House, but this was changed, and, instead, Rudolph Forster, assistant secretary to the President, took the bill to the train. Near the car window a group of trainmen in their overalls paused in their work long enough to watch the President write his name. An engineer, passing on a yard engine, celebrated the occasion with several prolonged blasts of his whistle.

While at the station, the President also signed several commissions and executive papers and sent Secretary Tumulty to the home of Majority Leader Kern, of the Senate, to urge that the Senate pass the Webb bill, passed yesterday by the House, designed to permit American firms to utilize common selling agencies abroad without violating the Sherman anti-trust law.

Later the President and Mrs. Wilson took an automobile ride about the city. During their absence the private car was attached to a special train carrying guests of the Lincoln Farm Association, bound for Hodgenville, to participate in the exercises incident to the transfer of the log cabin in which Abraham Lincoln was born, to the Federal government tomorrow, at which time the president will make an address.

Had Planned Strike August 20.

It developed today that the brotherhoods, being summoned to Washington by President Wilson three weeks ago, had agreed to call a strike effective August 20. The orders they drafted were used when the strike finally was set for Labor Day. After having been printed, in preparation for the proposed strike on August 20, they were locked in a vault in New York. Decision a week ago last Saturday to order a strike the following day, when the majority of the committee of 640 were leaving for their homes, was followed by a hasty trip to New York by two representatives of the brotherhoods. The strike date, September 4, was filled in with a rubber stamp, but the original date of the call, August 14, was not changed.

Temporary Difficulties Probable.

Hundreds of telegrams came to the brotherhood leaders at their hotel today. Most of them were congratulatory. One or two were from locals who had received no notice that the strike was off, so tomorrow morning, in some few faraway sections of the country, there may be temporary difficulties. Efforts were being made tonight to communicate with all these points.

A circular letter drafted by W. G. Lee, and giving the complete details of negotiations since last August 1, as well as a copy of the Adamson bill, was being mailed to all members of the brotherhood tonight. After completing this work, Mr. Lee left for his home in Cleveland. The other three brotherhood heads will leave either tomorrow or Tuesday. Railroad executives, called here by the President, left yesterday. Virtually all of teh 13 gen-

(Continued on Page Three.)

Baseball
Boating
Yachting
Angling

SPORTS

Motoring
Aeronautics
Tennis
Golf, Etc.

WHITE SOX SHUT OUT THE BROWNS 1 TO 0

Faber Gets the Best of Weilman in Pitchers' Battle.

Tigers, Batting Savagely and Taking Advantage of the Indians' Misplays, Win 5 to 3—Cobb Gets Four Hits.

RESULTS YESTERDAY
At Detroit 5; Cleveland 3.
At St. Louis 0; Chicago 1.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY
(Two Games).
Chicago at St. Louis.
Cleveland at Detroit.
Philadelphia at Washington.
Boston at New York.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS

	W	L	Pct.
Boston	72	53	.576
Detroit	72	57	.558
Chicago	70	58	.547
St. Louis	69	60	.534
Cleveland	68	61	.527
New York	67	60	.527
Washington	62	63	.496
Philadelphia	28	96	.226

St. Louis, Sept. 3.—Faber bested Weilman in a pitching duel today and Chicago beat St. Louis 1 to 0. Faber allowed only three hits, one a double by Miller, and but one man got as far as third. Chic go won in the ninth, on a pass, a sacrifice, a wild throw and a double.

Chicago	000 000 001—1	5	2
St. Louis	000 000 000—0	3	1

Fabel and Schalk; Weilman and Hartley.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 3.—Batting savagely and taking advantage of Cleveland's misplays, Detroit defeated the Indians 5 to 3 today. Prospects for a batting duel between Cobb and Speaker attracted a capacity crowd. Speaker drove out two doubles, but Cobb, who was at bat four times, got three clean singles and a two bagger.

Cleveland	000 200 100—3	7	2
Detroit	100 002 10*—5	10	0

Bagby, Klepfer and Coleman, O'Neill; Dauss, McKee and Stanage.

THE BATTING LEADERS.

Ty Cobb now is only eight points behind Tris Speaker in the struggle for premier batting honors of the Amerian League as the result of a gain of five points today. With the two leaders playing against each other today, Cobb made four hits in as many times at bat, boosting his average by six points, while Speaker gained only one point on two hits in four times up. Joe Jackson lost a point when he failed to hit safely in two trials.

Hal Chase was the only one of the five leaders in the National League to play today and he lost a point with one hit in four attempts. However, he is only two points behind the leader, Jake Daubert. The standings:

Player.	AB.	H.	Pc.
American League			
Speaker	451	171	.379
Cobb	445	165	.371
Jackson	493	174	.353
National League.			
Daubert	375	122	.325
Chase	433	140	.323
Wagner	338	107	.316
Hornsby	416	131	.315
Robertson	444	138	.311

Norfolk, Va., Sept. 3.—Men from the Atlantic fleet received unexpected shore liberty as a result of the passage of the Adamson bill, as the orders to coal all th ewarships to capacity were revoked when it became apparent that the railway strike would not develop. Between two and three thousand men were ashore.

RACES IN THE MAJOR LEAGUES GROW CLOSER

Red Sox and Superbas, the Leaders, Have Leads Reduced.

Phillies and Braves Threaten to Take First Place From Brooklyn—Tigers Gain Rapidly On the Red Sox.

New York, Sept. 3.—The beginning of the last full month of the 1916 baseball season brings no diminution in the intensity of the races in the National and American Leagues. In fact, last week brought the leading teams in the two major organizations closer together. Boston leads the American and Brooklyn in the National, but both of their leads were reduced during the week.

In the National Brooklyn, the leader since earl yin May, now is threatened more than at any time since it has held the lead. The Superbas appear to have lost the ability to win steadily, which characterized their earlier play, and as a result Boston and Philadelphia have crept so close that they are in a position to go ahead of Brooklyn at the least turn in the leader's fortunes. Philadelphia played the better ball of the three leaders during the week and cut down the advantage held by the Braves and Superbas. Boston played slightly better ball than Brooklyn and the Brooklyn lead of nine points on Sunday had been reduced to seven points at the end of the week.

Returning from a rather poor trip through the west, Brooklyn met Philadelphia in two games in Philadelphia Friday and was shut out in both and lost again on Saturday. Philadelphia won five and lost one for the week. Two of the victories were credited to Alexander who on Friday established a new major league record of 14 shut outs for one season. After losing to Chicago on Sunday, Boston won four out of seven games in four days from Pittsburgh. Returning to Boston, the Braves beat New York on Friday, but lost one and tied one on Saturday.

Boston, which had doubled its lead in the previous week, had its lead over Detroit reduced by half during the week. Including Saturday, the Red Sox had lost six of their last eight games. Facing St. Louis at the beginning of the week the Red Sox lost three of the series of four games and St. Louis moved from sixth to fourth place. Detroit, playing New York, took three out of the four from the Yankees. Boston met the Yankees at the end of the week at the Polo grounds and lost the first game. The Red Sox on Saturday, however, defeated the Yankees.

The margin between the first six teams in the American was reduced from 55 to 48 points. Boston and Detroit did not change their relative positions during the week.

CHANEY AND KILBANE ARE BOTH CONFIDENT OF WINNING

Cedar Point, O., Sept. 3.—George Chaney, Baltimore, aspirant for the featherweight championship of the world, plans to carry his fight right up to Johnny Kilbane, holder of the title in their 15-round bout here tomorrow. He is in the best of shape.

Chaney's condition and confidence in no way exceed that of the champion. Both men tonight were down to the stipulated weight of 122 pounds and neither, it was announced, has experienced any difficulty in making that weight.

One of the largest crowds in the history of Ohio boxing is expected to see the battle. Gate receipts at perhaps $30,000 are reckoned on. Kilbane is guaranteed $10,000 with a percentage, and Cheney takes down $6,500 lose or drew. A decision will carry the championship in the event of there being no knockout. Betting, while light, made Kilbane the favorite.

CARDINALS LOSE TWO GAMES TO THE CUBS

Larry Doyle Made His Debut as a Chicago Player.

Reds Defeat the Pirates in a Ragged Game, Where Errors Counted for Many Runs—No Other Games Scheduled.

RESULTS YESTERDAY
At Chicago 4-4; St. Louis 2-1.
At Cincinnati 7; Pittsburg 6.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY
(Two Games).
New York at Boston.
St. Louis at Pittsburg.
Cincinnati at Chicago.
Brooklyn at Philadelphia.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS

	W	L	Pct.
Brooklyn	72	47	.605
Boston	70	47	.598
Philadelphia	70	49	.588
New York	57	59	.491
Pittsburg	56	67	.455
St. Louis	56	71	.441
Chicago	55	69	.457
Cincinnati	49	79	.383

Chicago, Sept. 3.—Chicago won both games of a double header from St. Louis today 4 to 2 and 4 to 1. Larry Doyle, who made his local debut as a Cub, drove in two Chicago runs in the first game and in the second game again gave the locals the lead, as a result of his timely hitting and daring base running.

St. Louis	010 001 000—2	9	2
Chicago	002 200 00*—4	8	1

Ames, Currie and Gonzales; Lavender, Packard and Archer.

Second game:

St. Louis	000 100 000—1	8	2
Chicago	100 001 11*—4	8	2

Steele and Gonzales; Vaughn and A. Wilson.

Cincinnati, Sept. 3.—In a ragged game, where errors counted for many runs, Cincinnati defeated Pittsburg here today 7 to 6. Of the 13 runs made only four were earned. Mamaux and Mitchell were both hit hard and each gave several bases on balls.

Pittsburg	004 100 001—6	9	4
Cincinnati	023 200 00*—7	11	2

Mamaux and Schmidt; Mitchell and Wingo.

MINOR LEAGUES.

INTERNATIONA LEAGUE
At Newark 5-1; Baltimore 2-6.
No others scheduled.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION
At Louisville 7-1; Toledo 9-2.
At Kansas City 6; Milwaukee 3.
At Indianapolis 5-0; Columbus 1-1.
At Minneapolis 9-4; St. Paul 2-14.

SOUTHERN ASSOCIATION
At Memphis 3; Little Rock 2.
At Nashville 5; Chattanooge 1.
At New Orleans 1; Mobile 0.
No other scheduled.

MORE THAN 150 HORSES TO BE IN RACES AT HARTFORD

Hartford, Conn., Sept. 3.—More than 150 of the fastest horses in the country will participate in the annual grand circuit races, which start tomorrow on the historic Charter Oak track, and continue throughout the week.

The programme for tomorrow includes the 2:08 pace for $3,000; the experiment purpose for trotters for $2,000 and the 2:10 tret for $1,000. The principal event of the week will be the Charter Oak 2:08 for $5,000, Thursday.

Columbus, O., Sept. 3.—Governor Frank B. Willis announced tonight that there would be no interference with the Chaney-Kilbane championship boxing contest at Cedar Point tomorrow as long as the math waes kept within the law.

GERMAN U-BOAT SUNK BY ALLIED WARCRAFT

Had Been Receiving Supplies from Ships in Greek Port?

Entente Powers May Establish Naval Base at Piraeus to Supply the West Wing of the Armies in Macedonia.

Athens, Sept. 2, (via London, Sept 3.)—Ships of the Entente allied fleet sank a German submarine this morning off Phaleron. It is claimed by Entente military officers that the undersea boat had received its supplies from the Austrian and German ships which were seized in the harbor of Piraeus today by French sailors.

A number of destroyers of the Entente fleet made a careful reconnaissance of the neighborhood of the arsenal this afternoon. They let down anti-submarine nets and nosed close to where the Lemnos and the Kilkis, formerly the United States battleships Mississippi and Idaho, were lying.

It is currently believed that the Entente fleet desired to establish a naval base at Piraeus as a base of supplies for the Entente allied armies' west wing on the Macedonian front, which could be more easily supplied by rail from Piraeus than from Saloniki. Should this action prove to be of military value to the Entente powers the Greek government, it is understood, will not object. The seizure of the Austrian and German merchant ships at Piraeus and the occupation by Entente troops of the Greek wireless station last night (Friday) threw the Austro-German residents in Athens, and especially the agents of the German government, into a panic.

Toward midnight newsboys shouting "extras" in the streets attracted the employes of Baron von Schenk, the director of German propaganda in Greece, from the hotels in their night clothes to learn their fate. The impossibility of communicating to their home government by wireless telegraphy added to their consternation.

Diplomats of the Entente Allies demand that Baron von Schenk and 60 co-workers in behalf of the Central Empires be expelled from Greece. Several arrests already have been made, those taken into custody including the officers of the interned Austrian and German ships. Von Schenk is believed to have escaped.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE CONVENTION WILL OPEN NEXT WEDNESDAY

Will Decide on Policy as to National and State Legislation.

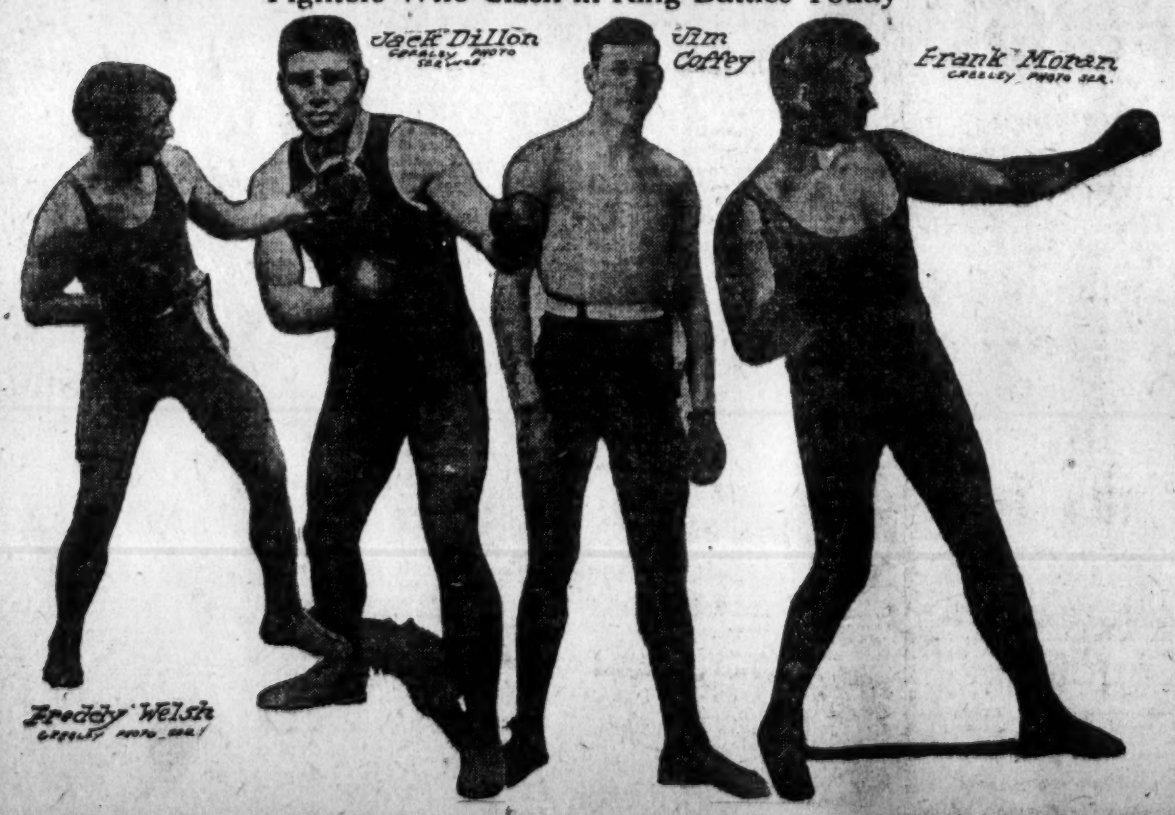
Atlantic City, N. J., Sept. 3.—The question whether the National Woman Suffrage Association shall limit itself to working for either national of state legislation or shall continue its present policy of supporting both state and national campaigns is among the many subject to be considered at the convention of the association which will open here next Wednesday. Many delegates and officers of the organization are already here and every state in the Union will be represented by delegates and alternates when the convention is called to order. The policy to be follower will be decided on the opening day when the subject will be argued in a three-cornered debate.

Miss Laura Clay, of Kentucky, and Miss KaKte Gordon, of Louisiana, will speak in favor of dropping work on the Federal amendment; Mrs. Ida Husted Harper, of New York, and Mrs. Glendower Evans, of Massachusetts, will urge that work for state referenda be dropped, while Mrs. Raymond Brown, of New York, and Miss Florence Allen, of Ohio, will argue that the present policy be continued.

Other important work which will come before the convention will be the election of officers and plans for preelection work in the different states.

New York, Sept. 3.—Another decrease in the number of new cases of infantile paralysis was reported today by the department of health for the 24 hours ending at 10 a. m., there being only 51 new cases compared with 61 the previous day. There were 19 deaths the same number as one the preceding day. Since the beginning of the epidemic there have been 8,199 cases and 1,987 deaths.

Fighters Who Clash in Ring Battles Today



Reconstruction, of course! When the great war is over, shattered Europe must be rebuilt. Mediaeval architecture, crumbled by cannon, will be replaced by well-lighted, well-ventilated, convenient and sanitary buildings of the present day. In this tremendous rebuilding,

Certain-teed
Roofing

will play a leading role; for CERTAIN-TEED is the twentieth century answer to the demand for roofing that is economical to buy, easy to lay and inexpensive to maintain.

CERTAIN-TEED Roofing is made in rolls; also in slate-surfaced shingles. There is a type of CERTAIN-TEED for every kind of building, with flat or pitched roof, from the largest skyscraper down to the smallest residence or out-building.

It makes a clean, attractive roof, with a very low cost per year of life. It is guaranteed for 5, 10 or 15 years, according to ply (1, 2 or 3). Experience proves that it outlasts the period of guarantee.

The long life of CERTAIN-TEED is due to the quality of the roofing felt and the character of the asphalt saturation. This is a blend of soft asphalts prepared by the General's board of expert chemists. The highest quality roofing felt is thoroughly saturated with this soft blend, and is then coated with a blend of harder asphalts, which prevents the drying-out process so destructive to ordinary roofing.

If you are interested in roofs, investigate CERTAIN-TEED before you decide upon the type to buy. You will find CERTAIN-TEED for sale by responsible dealers all over the world.

GENERAL ROOFING MANUFACTURING COMPANY
World's Largest Manufacturer of Roofings and Building Papers
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OATH OF YESTERDAY

Many of Them Live in Modern Exclamations.

(Burges Johnson in The Century).

Most of our own commonplace exclamations might be traced back to an earlier day when the vigor of their youth was still within them. Imagine two old Romans standing upon the deck of a ship gazing upon the eruption of Vesuvius. They watch in awe-struck silence, until one of them gasps, "I swear by Father Jove that never before have I beheld such wonders!" And the other echoes, "Oh, Kemini, heavenly twins, gave down into my heart, for I have no words to paint the glory of this spectacle!" Senturies later the inheritors of some of their classic speech gaze upon Vesuvious, and one says, "Jove! What a sight!" and the other echoes, "Jiminy, ain't it grand!"

Gone are the echoing oaths of a day when swearing was an art. Those swash-buckling phrases went with swash-buckling deeds. "By the bones of Saint Michael! I will split thee to try cringing gizzard!" There was a mouth-filling and classic threat for you! In these days, when automatic revolvers have replaced fancing swords, there isn't time to say it. Gone are the cloud-splitting denunciations of militant churchmen, and if we find out what is left of the sounding phrases of some theological curse, it is as a body might take from his pocket a stingless hornet for the effect that it produces in the schoolroom, until in time both hornet and effect become worn out.

Gone are all the fine old oaths; but why are they gone? Their parts may all the found in the dictionary. Might not yon and I put them together again? Only as we might reconstruct the mammoth; he will stand here bravely in his cold bones, but he will not trumpet for us.

THE HEAT IS GOOD FOR YOU

Summer Much More Healthful Than Winter, a Doctor Assures.

(Kansas City Star).

Much has been said and written about the disadvantages of hot weather. Yet summer—even the hottest kind of a summer—has its advantages, one physician pointed out the other afternoon.

"In my opinion, it is the most beneficial of all the seasons, from a health standpoint," said he. "It tones us up for the rest of the year. If the hot weather didn't do anything more than make us perspire, it would be extremely beneficial. Perspiratdion eliminates waste from the body and makes us drink more water. Again the added water that we drink purifies the blood and the whole system.

"There is another phase. We rest more and don't work or exert ourselves as much as in the winter.

"Fewer persons are sick in the summer, and, as our knowledge of health and sanitation increases, there will continue to be less disease and discomfort from the heat. We are out in the open more; our houses are open and we sleep on porches, so that with the same temperature in and out of doors we are able to keep in better condition. There is no question in my mind that summer is the most healthful season."

Many a Lady is Beautiful
all but her skin; and nobody has ever told her how easy it is to put beauty on the skin. Beauty on the skin is MAGNOLIA BALM. Just try it today. 75 cents at Druggists or by mail. Sample Free. Lyon Manuf'g Co., 42 South Fifth Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

"WE WANT A SWIMMING POOL."

Mayor Was Forced to Tell Children No Funds Available.

(Cincinnati Times-Star.)

"Mr. Mayor, we want a swimming pool, right away, please."

The speaker was 10-year-old Ransom Spiller, of Riverside drive, head of a delegation of children who swamped down Mayor Craig, taking that official and his secretary by surprise.

The mayor, looking up from his desk, saw seven children dressed in bathing suits with water dripping from their bared heads. "Come in, ladies and gentlemen," said the mayor.

"We want a place to swim, and we know you will give us a pool on Riverside drive," young Spiller said. The latter was joined in his request by a chorus of voices.

"Next year you can have your swimming pool," was the assurance given the youthful visitors by the mayor.

"Is oo telling the truff?" lisped a 4-year-old girl.

Mayor Craig assured the little girl that he was in earnest when he promised swimming pools for next summer.

Gordon Taylor, aged 4, intimated gently to his honor that the delegation was desirous of having the swimming pool installed immediately. The mayor pleaded lack of funds as the cause of the city's inability to install the pools this year.

CONSTANTINE DISPOSED TO RECONSIDER GREEK POLICY

London, Sept. 3.—A dispatch to the Times from Athens states that King Constantine has informed the Entente allied ministers that as a result of the entry of Rumania in the war he is disposed to reconsider the Greek policy.

BELL-ANS
Absolutely Removes Indigestion. One package proves it. 25c at all druggists.

WALL TENTS
SIZE 7x7 to 12x14, ranging in price from
$7.00 to $15.00
These tents are well made of ten ounce waterproof white canvas.
We also carry a full line of Fishing Tackle
W. E. SPRINGER & CO.
PURCELL BUILDING

YOUR EARLY RECOVERY
MAY DEPEND ON THE MANNER IN WHICH YOUR
PRESCRIPTIONS
ARE PREPARED.
If You Are Not Trading With Us, See Payne, and Talk It Over With Him.
(THREE REGISTERED DRUGGISTS.)
The Payne Drug Company
FIFTH AND RED CROSS STREETS PHONE 820

THEATRICAL

A photoplay with a decided foreign flavor and attractiveness is Morosco's latest release on the Paramount Programme, "An International Marriage." This production that comes to the Grand today is the film version of G. Broadhurst's successful drama. It seems to be more than a coincident that beautiful and vivacious Rita Jolivet, the star should have been married to an Italian nobleman, Count Cippico, a renowned horseman.

This may have been considered when the selection was made. At any rate the combination was with the excellent cast including such well known players as Elliott Dexter, Courtenay Foote, Herbert Standing, Marc Robbins, and Olive White, portrays a very interesting story of international social life, full of attractive situations, that—ends with a punch.

"An International Marriage"

The Morosco-Paramount photoplay "An International Marriage," being a foreign atmosphere photoplay the plot is most excellently portrayed by the supporting cast that contains several European players of note. The cast includes such well known European players as Herbert Standing, Courtenay Foote, and the star, Rita Jolivet.

The presence of these players is fortunate, in that only those who have had European training can properly portray that subtle something which spells atmosphere. The star, Rita Jovilet, is European and scored a great success on the London stage. Incidentally Mme. Jolivet is an Italian countess by marriage and has starred in several Italian film productions.

This photoplay is the film production of G. Broadhurst's stage success and is a charming and dramatic vehicle to display the grace and exceptional beauty of this petite emotional actress.

Comedy Feature at Bijou.

At the Bijou today is presented a feature which for the next twelve weeks bids fair to bring capacity crowds for every Monday. For today there comes a treat that you have long been watching for—that great series of two-reel comedy productions, one to be released each week, under the general title of "Timothy Dobbs; That's Me," and starring in the leading role that inimitable comedian, Carter deHaven. This series of comedies is so clean, so wholesome and different; so far ahead of the cheap, the vulgar and the suggestive as to be a genuine revelation. Great comedy acting; screamingly funny, intensely human situations; lavish productions and brilliant supporting cast, give to the entire series a distinction never before attained in film comedies.

You want to see the first great one in the series entitled "The Sody Clerk," on tomorrow's bill at the Bijou. We guarantee you'll say it's great. If you don't, and if you don't follow the entire series just from seeing the first one, get your money back. Monday at the box office—everybody.

Pathe News is also on and contains many great scenes, including further views of the labor leaders conferring with President Wilson and leaders of the striking brotherhood men.

A great Victor comedy, "He Wrote a Book," is also a rip-roarer on Monday's bill.

"The Waifs" at the Royal.

Today the Royal theatre presents a great Triangle programme, the dramatic portion of which should prove an exceptionally enjoyable hour and a quarter's entertainment.

"The Waifs" is the title of this great act feature, and it stars those two well known screen stars, Jones Grey and William Desmond, in the two leading roles with all star support.

"The Waifs" has a theme that will be popular to the end of the world inasmuch as our days mean constant struggle with baser impulses and with weaknesses of human nature for those of us whose blood runs red. And there is nothing more fascinating for an audience than the varying drama of two poor unfortunates who rise through mutual helpfulness when either might falter and fail alone. "The Waifs" is based on the vital question, "Can a bad woman make a weak man a decent and hard-working citizen?" The answer is a loud "Yes" and as you watch the picture you will realize that when a woman loves a man no sacrifice is too great. "The Waifs" is especially strong in types and characterizations with moment of intense psychology.

Fatty Arbuckle, the inimitable Roscoe, is starred in a great Keystone two-reeler, "His Wife's Mistake," with a roar in every line.

Bayer-Tablets of Aspirin

Your protection against counterfeits

Every package and every tablet bears

"The Bayer Cross—Your Guarantee of Purity"

Pocket Boxes of 12, Bottles of 24 and Bottles of 100

The trade-mark "Aspirin" (Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.) is a guarantee that the monoaceticacidester of salicylicacid in these tablets is of the reliable Bayer manufacture.

BAYER

WOODROW WILSON ADVERTISERS LEAGUE HAS BEEN FORMED

Thomas A. Edison Announces He Will Vote For the President.

New York, Sept. 3.—Formation of the Woodrow Wilson Advertisers' League was announced here tonight by Vance McCormick, chairman of the Democratic National Committee. Chas. H. Ingersoll, of New York, is president and o nthe executive committee are W. L. Saunders, a member of the naval consulting board; E. T. Meredith, of Des Moines, Iowa; L. D. Wallace, Jr., and Homer J. Bulkeley, of Chicago, and Lewellyn E. Pratt, of New York.

The National committee made public tonight a statement by Thomas A. Edison in whic hthe inventor said that, although a life long Republican, he would support Mr. Wilson for re-election.

AEROPLANE WIRELESS

Messages Sent From One Aeroplane in Flight to Another.

San Diego, Cal., Sept. 3.—What is declared to be an important achievement in the field of aeronautical radio telegraphy was the sending here yesterday of a wireless message from one aeroplane in flight to another.

Capt. C. C. Culver, of an army machine piloted by Lieut. Herbert Dargue, received a message which was transmitted a distance of several miles by Lieut. W. A. Robertson, who was in another machine guided by A. N. Smith.

PRESIDENT SIGNS ADAMSON BILL IN HIS PRIVATE CAR

(Continued From Page One).

eral chairmen who remained here as members of the last committee of 24, also have gone home.

Protest Against Strike.

Among those who departed from Washington early today was a delegation of the Order of Railway Conductors from the Northwest, who came here yesterday to protest with Mr. Garretson against a strike. They arrived at about the time the Senate was in the last stages of passing the bill which will give them ten hours pay for eight hours work, and called on Mr. Garretson. He declined today to discuss the conversation which followed.

"JOHN BLANK" STILL UNKNOWN

New York World Carries Story of Young Man Who Forgot His Name in Wilmington in February.

The New York World is the latest paper to join in the search for the name of "John Blank," who, it will be remembered, lost his memory while in Wilmington last February and later awoke to find himself in a Georgia swamp, bereft of papers and every possible mark of identification. This amazing story of the young man from "Somewhere in Maine" has been told before in The Star, and it will be remembered that the young man, accompanied by Mr. W. E. Trowbridge, of Augusta, Ga., came to this city last spring in the hope of finding himself, but was unable to do so.

The magazine section of the New York World which reached here last night carries the story of the young man as its leading feature article, and also prints his photograph. For some time after he reached Augusta, Ga., the young man was employed by Mr. W. E. Trowbridge, the head of a large hardware firm, who did everything possible to aid him in finding out who he was. Mr. "Blank" had a hazy idea of having spent the greater part of his life in the State of Maine, and insisted that he could get as far as Bangor, he would be able to take an automobile and be able to drive directly to his home. Accordingly, Mr. Trowbridge took him to Bangor, where Mr. "Blank" was left at the Y. M. C. A., where he was given a position.

The World carries the story that "John Blank" tells of his having about the middle of last February asked his parents to be allowed to spend the month of March in Florida, and afterwards to take the steamer from Tampa to Havana. He was accompanied by his father and mother to Bangor, he states, and his mother accompanied him as far as Washington, D. C.

"I remember positively buying a ticmy mother were 'be careful,' the young man writes. "In Wilmington, N. C., I went to a hotel and rested, had my dinner, walked around for a few minutes and went then to the only place of amusement, the 'movies.' The picture that evening was "The Family Stain." I slept at the hotel, and in the morning after breakfast I asked some one in the lobby where I might be able to kill some time until train time. He said there was a trolley car to Wrightsville Beach. I went there and had an oyster roast. I spent about an hour on the coast and took teh next car back to the city in time for luncheon.

"I ermember positively buying a ticket for St. Augustine, Fla., and then going back to the hotel and getting one of the porters to carry my grip to the station. He reached the station before me and was waiting. I gave him a quarter, and he left me and I went into the station. It was a very hot day, and I went to the news stand and had a glass of soda water and shortly afterwards had a second one.

"Then I went over to where my grip was and sat down. And I remember no more until four days afterward, when I woke up in the Savannah river swamp—one of the worst places a man could be found—18 miles from Augusta, Ga.

When he woke up, Mr. "Blank" says he had forgotten his name and also found that all his clothes had been removed, and that they were in a bundle uner his head. He gives an account of how he reached Augusta, of his being treated in a hospital there and of forgetting his name.

MR. LEN BULLARD STRUCK BY S. A .L. PASSENGER TRAIN

Columbus County Man Seriously Injured Yesterday at Bladenboro.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Bladenboro, N. C., Sept. 3.—What may prove to be a fatal accident occurred here early this morning when Mr. Len Bullard, a prosperous young white farmer from Columbus county, attempted to cross the track ahead of S. A. L. passenger train No. 19, on Main street grade crossing. He was struck by the engine and hurled some ten feet, falling on his breast. He was given prompt medical attention by Dr. J. S. Norman, the local S. A. L. physician, and was sent to his home. He is said to be suffering very much late this afternoon from injuries sustained.

CHARLIE WHITE AND FREDDIE WELCH ARE BOTH CONFIDENT

Colorado Springs, Colo., peSt. 3.—The important topic of conversation here tonight is wheter Charlie White can win the lightweight championship from Freddie Welch in tomorrow's 20-round bout. It is expected that a large number of women will be at the ringside. Both men are confident. Each declares that his condition is impossible of betterment. They are expected to step into the ring between 3 and 3:30 o'clock.

RUB-MY-TISM

Will cure Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headaches, Cramps, Colic Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Burns, Old Sores, Tetter, Ring-Worm, Eczema, etc. Antiseptic Anodyne, used internally or externally. 25c

GIVES FAREWELL CONCERT

Don Richardson's Orchestra in Final Sunday Concert at Harbor Island Auditorium Scores Big Success

In the presence of an appreciative audience of more than 500, Don Richardson's orchestra closed its series of Sunday night concerts last night with a classical programme at Harbor Island Auditorium, Wrightsville Beach. Only standard compositions were included in the selections played and the orchestration was executed in a most workmanlike manner from the splendid opening overture, "Oberon" by C. M. von Weber to the very appropriate closing number, "Auld Lang Syne."

The programme was admirably balanced, works of composers by various schools making it a peculiarly rich treat for music lovers. The orchestra's rendition of the strangely impressive numbers of the "Peer Gynt Suite, Opus 46," by Greig was greeted by long continued applause. "A Perfect Day" by Jacob-Nond, and "American Patrol," by Meacham, both played by special request, were admirably performed and the audience called for encores to both. Other selections played were: "Musical Gems of Tschikowsky," by Otto Langley; "Al Fresco," by Victor Herbert; and "Souvenir," by Drdla.

In the afternoon at Lumina the orchestra under Don Richardson's leadership rendered an exceptionally attractive programme, which was much appreciated by the audience and the various selections were roundly applauded.

Just before the close of the evening concert, the leader expressed his great appreciation for the courtesies extended him this and in past seasons at the Beach by the public and stated that he hoped to be back next summer, a declaration which was received with sincere applause.

OLDEST CITIZEN DEAD

Mr. John C. McCaskill Expired Suddenly at Maxton, N. C., Saturday.

Maxton, N. C., Sept. 3.—John C. McCaskill died here yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock. He was on the street at the time and suddenly became nauseated. He was taken into the furniture store of his son-in-law, A. M. McNair, and placed on a couch. After a few minutes he stated he was feeling all right and would walk home in a few minutes. Thirty seconds later he was dead. He had been slightly indisposed the past few days. He was nearly 85 years of age and the oldest citizen of the town, being one of the first settlers here, and at one time a large merchant of this section.

He was a staunch member of the Presbyterian church, being a charter member and an elder since its organization. For many years he had not been engaged actively in any business, although he had been well and robust practically all the time.

IHe leaves a wife and one son, J. Chesley McCaskill, and one sister also living here.

Are You Prepared for Baby's Arrival?

You are if "Mother's Friend" has been given a place in your home. The dread and agony of childbirth can be eliminated to the greatest extent by this wonderful assistant to nature. Druggists everywhere sell "Mother's Friend."

A Valuable and Interesting Book on Motherhood Sent Free to All Expectant Mothers WRITE FOR IT. The Bradfield Regulator Co. 1325 Lamar Bldg. Atlanta, Ga.

BIJOU

Announcing

The First Release of Those Great

Carter de Haven

Two-Reel Comedy Features, Entitled

"THE SODY CLERK"

Two Rip-Roaring Reels of Fun, to be Followed by a New One Every Two Weeks.

Pathe News

Some More Great War Scenes.

"HE WROTE A BOOK"

A Roaring Victor Comedy, With "Billy" Garwood.

ALL ON TODAY'S BILL.

TAKES THE PLACE OF DANGEROUS CALOMEL

New Discovery! Dodson's Liver Tone Acts Like Calomel But Doesn't Gripe, Salivate or Make You Sick—Don't Lose a Day's Work—Harmless Liver Medicine for Men, Women, Children—Read Guarantee!

Ugh! Calomel makes you sick. It's horrible! Take a dose of the dangerous drug tonight and tomorrow you may lose a day's work.

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel, when it comes into contact with sour bile crashes into it, breaking it up. This is when you feel that awful nausea and cramping. If you are sluggish and "all knocked out," if your liver is torpid and bowels constipated, or you have headache, dizziness, coated tongue, if breath is bad or stomach sour, just try a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone tonight.

Here's my guarantee—Go to any drug store and get a 50 cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone. Take a spoonful and if it doesn't straighten you right up and make you feel fine and vigorous I want you to go back to the store and get your money. Dodson's Liver Tone is destroying the sale of calomel because it is real liver medicine; entirely vegetable. therefore it can not salivate or make you sick.

I guarantee that one spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone will put your sluggish liver to work and clean your bowels of that sour bile and constipated waste which is clogging your system and making you feel miserable. I guarantee that a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone will keep your entire family feeling fine for months. Give it to your children. It is harmless; doesn't gripe and they like its pleasant taste.

GRAND

Oliver Morosco Presents

THE PETITE EMOTIONAL ACTRESS

R-I-T-A JOLIVET

With Page Peters, Marc Robbins, Elliott Dexter and Herbert Standing, in

A SPECTACULAR FILM VERSION OF GEORGE BROADHURST'S SUCCESSFUL STAGE DRAMA

"An International Marriage"

A Story of Love Versus International Complications.

A PARAMOUNT PICTURE.

Adults 10c - Children 5c

ROYAL

JANE GREY

With William Desmond, in

"THE WAIFS"

A Superb Five-Act Triangle Drama.

"CAN A BAD WOMAN MAKE A WEAK MAN A DECENT AND HARD-WORKING CITIZEN?"

FATTY ARBUCKLE

In a Great Keystone Scream

"His Wife's Mistake"

Adults 15c - Children 10c

Take Some of Your Moving Picture Money for Awhile, and Put It Into the Easy Buying of a

COLUMBIA Grafonola

Begin This Week, and It Will be Paid for Before You Know It.

Green's Drug Store

Columbia Agents. 109 Market St.

STACKS, TANKS, BOILERS, PUMPS.

GAS AND STEAM ENGINE REPAIRS.

REPAIRS FOR MILLS, HOTELS AND PUBLIC WORKS.

OUR FOUNDRY MAKES ALL KINDS of IRON, BRASS and ALUMINUM CASTINGS.

Cape Fear Machine Works

'PHONE: 213. WILMINGTON, N. C.

The House of Quality

The House That Has Everything Others Have, and SOME Things Others Do Not Have.

Mulsified Cocoanut Oil. Liquid Arvon. Sulpherb Tablets. Odorono. Papsodent Tooth Paste. Safety Razor Blades—all kinds. De jerkiss Talc, Toilet Water and Extract. Houbigant and Mary Garden Perfumery. Mira Dena Toilet Waters, Perfumes and Rouge. Melba Face Powder and Lov' Me. Satin Skin Face Cream and Powder. Call in and ask for a Sample of Mira Dena Face Powder. One of the nicest Face Powders on the Market. Dorin's Rouges—all shades.

J. Hicks Bunting Drug Company

THE "QUALITY" DRUGSTORE.

For Rent: 3rd floor of the Bunting Building, and several nice offices on the 2nd floor. Will rent by week, month or year.

SPECIAL

Hindoo 2-lb. Bagging,
New Arrow Ties,
Burlap Cotton Sheets,
Texas Rust Proof Oats,
Wisconsin June Cheese,
Genuine Mason Jars, Caps and Rubbers,
ROB ROY Flour (Best Made),
Superlative Patent Flour,
Standard Patent Flour,
Fancy Barbadoes Molasses,
SUPREME BRAND Canned Meats
Green Coffees, all grades.

Write For Prices Now.

McNair & Pearsall

STRICTLY WHOLESALE

Wilmington, N. C.

W. J. REAVES

SCREENS

ORDERS FILLED PROMPTLY.

Factory: Sixth and Campbell Sts.

Read Star Business Locals.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, COUNTY of New Hanover—Commissioners' Sale.

By virtue and in pursuance of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage executed by C. D. Foard and wife, Florence H. Foard, on the 11th day of November, A. D. 1915, to the Hanover Trust Co., which mortgage is duly recorded in the Office of the Recorder of Deeds of New Hanover County, Book 87, page 250.

The undersigned mortgagee will expose for sale to the highest bidder at Public Auction, for cash, at the Court House door in the City of Wilmington, New Hanover County, State of North Carolina, at 12:00 o'clock M. on the 7th day of September, A. D. 1916, the following described tract, piece, or parcel of land, lying, being and situated in the City of Wilmington, County of New Hanover, and the State of North Carolina, and bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point in the western line of 5th st. 66 feet south of the Southwestern intersection of Princess St. and 5th streets, running thence westwardly and parallel with Princess St. 120 feet, thence southwardly and parallel with 5th street 66 feet, thence eastwardly and parallel with Princess st. 120 feet to the western line of 5th st., thence northwardly and along the western line of 5th st. 66 feet to the point of beginning, and same being part of lot two, in block 168, according to the official plan of the City of Wilmington, North Carolina.

This, the 7th day of August, 1916.

HANOVER TRUST CO.

Herbert McClammy, Attorney.

Shelltex Shur-on

EYEGLASSES - SPECTACLES

Shell rims and bows of beauty and elegance, made to meet the mode.

Protect your lenses against breakage.

Like all Shur-ons, quality guaranteed.

EYES TESTED FREE.

Dr. Vineberg

MASONIC TEMPLE.

TEACHEY HIGH SCHOOL

OPENS SEPTEMBER 4.

Eight months' term. Competent and experienced teachers. Debating societies. Athletics encouraged. Boys' room in dormitories under supervision of the Principal. Board at cost. Best training at lowest cost.

D. H. CARLTON, A. B. Principal.

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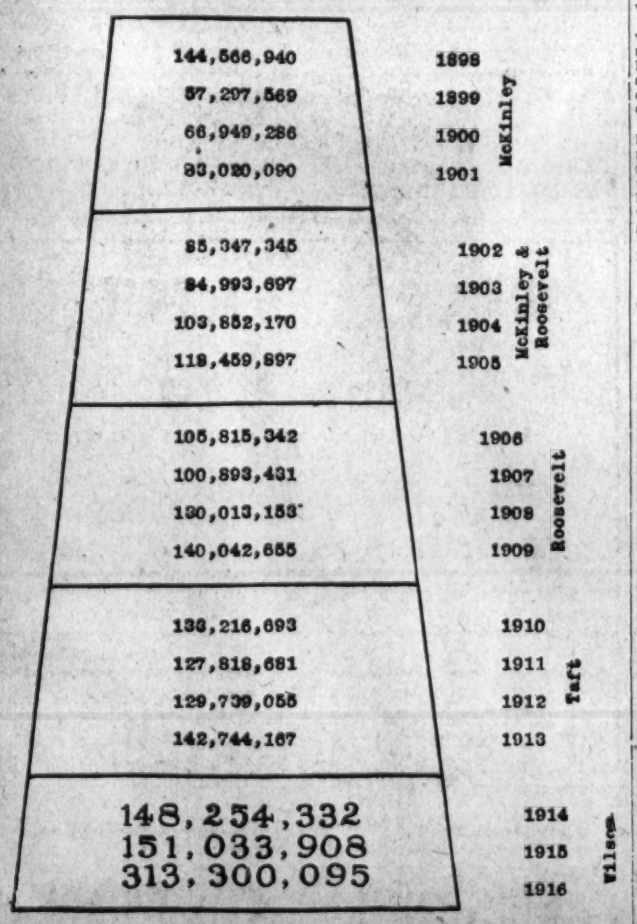
TOTAL APPROPRIATIONS FOR NAVY BY CALENDAR YEARS



This graphic showing of the growth of appropriations for the U. S. Navy appears in the Democratic Text Book to be issued Sept. 2.

THE MORNING STAR

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FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to subscribers outside the county at $6 per year; $3 for six months; $1.50 for three months or served by carrier in the city and suburbs at 60c. per month, or, when paid in advance, $7.00 per year; $3.50 for six months, $1.75 for three months

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1.00; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

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THE WILMINGTON STAR CO

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1916.

TOP O' THE MORNING.

If I cease becoming better, I shall soon cease to be good.
—OLIVER CROMWELL.

"Now is the time for all good men to come to the aid of their party."

When a man gets to going some his safety rests in knowing just how far to go.

We will now rise up, look forward, and go right on in that direction. That is the only way to go.

The worse stuck man in a community is the man who goes around with something sticking in his craw.

Of course, there are plenty of things to worry over, but for the love of Mike, have a thought of the poor school boys who have been called back to the class room.

The idea that Philadelphia is behind the procession will have to be changed, since there is every evidence that the crusade against pig pens in the city limits will succeed.

A man from a town pump locality is just as liable as anybody to get elected to Congress on his personal guarantee that when he gets there he will put the kibosh on the bloated enemies of the people.

There are too many broadly constructive things about the Wilson administration for us to bother about the side issues. They will take care of themselves. The real big problems won't. They require Democratic attention.

This is a time big with the fate of the nation. Don't be mean and little and two-by-four while facing the grave and grand responsibilities of an American citizen. Abandon the idea that it is no use to plant cotton, tobacco, peanuts and soy beans, unless your candidate is elected in November.

The Columbia State is endeavoring to find out how Judge Hughes stands on the great questions immediately concerning the best interests of the American people. If the State can get the judge to speak out, will that valued contemporary mind letting us know what the Republican candidates says?

The last time Villa died, the report said that a Japanese doctor intentionally prescribed an overdose of poison for him, but General Pershing is circulating the report that either the bandit or his ghost is moving northward toward the international border. Of course, if Villa keeps on being careless with himself, either the American or the Mexican troops might accidentally capture the elusive scoundrel.

North Carolina is not in a position to reproach Ohio for mob law. As a matter of fact, we know it was not Ohio which maltreated a sheriff and his wife in the determination to lynch a prisoner. It was a mob, however, but Ohio disapproves of mobs. Georgia does, too, but she does not get credit for it when our northern friends refer to lynchings in Georgia. Why, New York can't be saddled with the blame because she has gun gangsters who will croak a man for you for $25 or $30, if you haven't got a bigger wad.

The Hon. Charles W. Fairbanks has been notified by the Chicago convention that he is runnig for vice-president on the Republican ticket. On the solemn occasion of his notification the three speakers agreed that the Republicans will wipe up the floor with the Democrats. That is what is called campaign enthusiasm, but Mr. Fairbanks is the kind of man who won't get excited and make preparations to move his family to Washington for four years. He will, cooly figure on the possibility of four more years of Wilson.

THE WAY AROUND THE LION

The hasty press comment and the consequent hasty echo of many people concerning President Wilson's way of settling the strike, has to give way to sober second though. There were three ways in which the strike situation possibly might have been treated. One way was not to treat it at all but to let it come. Another way was to seize the railroads and commandeer the services of the railroad men, contrary to their wishes and in violation of their personal liberty, in accordance with the war time act of 1862.

The possible consequences of the strike were too enormous and far-reaching to just let it rip. The seizure of railroad property and the arbitrary compulsion of men to run the trains in spite of their rights, was not to be thought of in a free country in time of peace. That might be the thing in Russia, but it would not go in America. The one way to put the fire out when it was about to burst into a conflagration, was Wilson's way.

The Wilson way was heroic, of course, but there was no time to wait. The lion was already in the path and there was no way to go back or go up. A condition and not a theory had to be faced. President Wilson faced it his way, and lo! the great criticism that has followed. However, it was entirely too premature, because all the other ways of averting the strike calamity were impossible. One would indicate the rankest folly; the other would be revolutionary and dangerous in the extreme; the last, though having its regrettable features, was the only way open to avoid the lion in the way. Was it, or was it not?

Let's see whether that it right or not. Congress, by an overwhelming majority said it was. A tremendous majority of the people's representatives, Democrats and Republicans, voted for the Wilson way. In the House, 70 Republicans agreed with the great Democratic majority, and only 54 Republicans voted against the Wilson way. The Senate gave a large majority and both houses voted four to one for the Adamson bill, and off went the strike.

Possibly the Adamson bill had its objectionable features but both parties in Congress could see no other way to avert a strike that would have paralyzed every human interest in America. The Democratic and Republican Congressmen were right on the scene. They were looking the lion in the face. They knew more about it in a minute than all their critics will know in a year from now.

Therefore, what sense is there in criticising the President, the overwhelming Democratic majority, and the big Republican majority which voted for the only one way that they could see to prevent a tremendous calamity to this country? Wherefore, vain is any of our regrets about it. The President and the Democrats and Republicans had to cut bait or fish. They crossed the Rubicon in the same boat, so what does after the storm opinions amount to?

Just a little horse sense will enable us to get down to brass tacks on the proposition that if there had been any other way to avert the strike, 382 Congressmen would have not voted for the Adamson bill, compared with 84 votes against it. We needn't worry about having an opinion contrary to that of the President, the House and the Senate. It is logical to assume that the least harm in the presence of imminent danger was the thing to do in order to avert a monstrous calamity.

The Wilson way averted the strike, when nobody else had a way. That is all there is to it, whether we like it or not. In our calm moments in the future we can do something else when we are not on a precipice and don't know which way to creep to safety. Most any old way is the way to go around a lion in the way. With a nation-wide disaster now side-tracked for nine months, there is time for deliberation and the final passage of legislation that will provide for compulsory arbitration, with all the safeguards for our personal liberty, our vested rights, our industrial and capitalistic justice and our domestic safety as a nation prepared against emergencies which threaten direful consequences.

UNCLE SAM'S SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS VENTURES

The government has been in the banking business for several years under a Democratic administration but it has not interfered with the regular banking system of the country. In July the Postal Savings deposits made a net gain of $3,700,000, aggregating $89,700,000 on the 31st of July, while the total number of depositors was 612,000. The deposits average about 90 cents per capita of the population of the United States.

As a bank competitor, Uncle Sam's whole Postal Savings bank system is outstripped by New York's largest savings bank (regular), the deposits in which are $144,211,102, with a total of 112,040 depositors. Uncle Sam manages to get along tolerably well without advertising the advantages of his banks, otherwise his banking business would make a better showing. At the same time, his showing is regarded as an indication of the usefulness of the Postal Savings banks. Probably if it wern't for them, most of that $89,700,000 would be deposited in some old sock, underneath the mattress, or in any old crack in the wall.

Uncle Sam has been in the parcel post business for some years without breaking the express companies, and he has made arrangements to go into the ocean transportation business, with the probability that he will not stand in the way of an American Merchant marine, as the shipping men hastily predicted. By the way, the Wilson administration went into the marine insurance business when war broke out in Europe and it has not only made it profitable but it enabled American commerce to move on the high seas when no regular insurance company would take the risk either on cargoes or ships, except at prohibitive rates. The confident movement of our commerce largely accounts for our prosperity, for there was a period when commerce would have come to a dead halt but for the prompt action of the Wilson administration.

The government's business ventures under a constructive Democratic government have been a success. The government express business has turned in a large surplus every year since it was established. Its bank business has prospered, and its insurance business has made a good profit for the people. In a possible emergency, it will be found that Wilson's shipping bill will constitute a wise feature of this country's preparedness.

The more one thinks about the Wilson administration, the more impossible it is to get around the fact that it has been a powerful blessing to America in all sorts of ways.

WORRISOME SECRETIVENESS.

In his Maine speech, Col. Roosevelt denounced hyphenism and urged the people to vote for Hughes. Will the colonel please state whether or not his candidate for president endorses his position on this question. The only way we can find out is through the colonel, as Judge Hughes remains sepulchurally silent about it. Can the colonel explain the tombstone attitude of the otherwise loquacious nominee of the Chicago convention? The colonel and the judge may be "practical men" and understand each other, but is it fair to 100,000,000 of us to be kept in the dark? The secretiveness of the thing is worrisome.

NORTHERNIZATION OF THE SOUTH

A Northern paper referred recently to the tremendous industrial development of the South, but it claimed that Northerners are due the credit for the increasing importance of the South's industries. We don't know what proportion of our industrial development is due to Northern and Southern initiative and capital, respectively, but, as a matter of fact, we have been inviting "Northern capital" to the South for years. It seems to have accepted the invitation. It is well.

If George will come down and do it, let him come. Why have we been inviting him to come and hurry up and help us to develop our splendid resources? It is because we have needed Northern brains and capital to supplement those of the South. We have more resources and opportunities than our capital can handle, consequently there isn't a place in the South that isn't extending an invitation to Northern capital.

As a matter of local pride, we ought to build up industries in the South, but we are not too proud to want a perfect avalanche of Northern capital to come into the South. It comes too slow for us, and that is the only thing that we don't like about it. We have chambers of commerce, boards of trade, rotary clubs, commercial clubs and booster organizations galore—all endeavoring to induce Northern capital to come South. All our advertising is done in the North and Middle West. Our booster printed matter is fired in that direction, but what are we doing it for, if we don't expect Northerners to come here with their capital and be as happy as the rest of us larks?

Why, sure, Mike! We're out for business, and a constructive, keen slick Yankee is regarded as a first-class article all over North Carolina. If they come down here and get in the majority, it's all right, just so they become fixtures.

North Carolina has an area of 52,000 square miles of marvelously versatile soil and there are only 2,500,000 of us to look after it. Including our most populous centers, there are less than 50 of us to the sqaure mile. Therefore, how can we help it when opportunities on every acre of North Carolina stare us in the face? How can we help the fact that 22,000,000 acres of land in North Carolina have to lie idle for lack of population and capital?

The hidden mineral resources in the 52,000 square miles of North Carolina have never been searched out. Thousands of manufacturing opportunities remain untouched. The State has vast agricultural possibilities and not less than 500,000 farm opportunities are growing forests or weeds. Our forest resources are immense, and yet the enormous farming possibilities in North Carolina have been barely scratched over.

Let George do it? Why, sure. Let him come right on and give us a run for our money and give us a hot race for opportunities without limit. Whoever sees them first gets them, and the newcomer and the homemaker and the promoter and the developer and the settler are invited to get in the game with us. We are spending thousands of dollars in printed invitations, and we are sending exhibit cars to the North from the Nation's Garden Spot all around Wilmington and other resourceful territory. What for? Why, we are after George.

If new comers to the South are getting ahead of us, it's our fault. It only shows that the opportunities are here for the right man and that he is liable to see them first. Our aim really is to bring about a mutual and satisfactory Northernization of the South, and we are not worrying about either the social or the industrial end of the colossal problem of completer development throughout North Carolina.

WHY ABANDON THE EFFORT TO SECURE PERMANENT INDUSTRIAL PEACE?

(Baltimore Spn).

An unpleasant feature of the settlement of the threatened railroad strike which now seems probable, as a result of action by Congress, is that it will involve no provision for the settlement of future disputes. The railroad brotherhoods are very much opposed to any form of compulsory arbitration or even to compulsory peace during investigation, such as the Canadian act requires. They argue that it is as irrational to ask a laboring man to withhold his right to strike as it would be to force a farmer to sell his wheat at $1 when he thinks that by holding it three months he could get $1.25. Labor is the workingman's commodity, just as wheat is the farmer's, they say, totally overlooking the fact that they were all hot for the Clayton act, which declares that labor is not a commodity. What the brotherhoods really contend for is that labor should not be regarded as a commodity when such things as strikes and contempt proceedings are under consideration, but should be so regarded when the right to strike is at stake.

As a matter of fact, a measure like the Canadian act would limit the right of labor to strike when it pleases. But it is demanded in the public interest, and the public interest is paramount. Just as the President had a right to ask the railroads to accept the eight-hour day, pending investigation and action by the Interstate Commerce Commission, because the public interest seemed to require it, so he has the right to demand of labor that it accept proposal that will reduce the possibility of country-wide strikes in the future to a minimum. And the country, we think, will assuredly back up the President in such a demand. The arrogance of the brotherhood leaders in the last few days has not increased public sentiment in their favor. They, as well as the railroad heads, must be made to understand that the public has a stake in these controversies and that it is of more importance than the stake of either of the contestants.

For this reason we hope that the President and Senator Newlands and the other members of Congress in both branches who realize the necessity of securing some permanent method of handling industrial disputes will not relinquish their efforts to have this feature of the President's proposal enacted into law at the present session. The difficulties in the way of doing this may seem great, but they are certainly no greater now when the public is aroused on the subject than they will be when a strike has been averted and public interest has died down. The immediate object of the present action by Congress, of course, is the avoiding of the strike. That can be accomplished probably by the passage of the proposed legislation providing for an 8-hour day and the appointment of a commission to investigate the workings of the law. But there is no assurance that another strike would not be threatened as soon as the report of that commission had been published. There is the certainty that other strikes will be threatened and will occur so long as the present status is maintained. The only way they can be avoided permanently, or reduced to a minimum, is by the passage of general legislation having to do with the settlement of all industrial disputes. That should be the second object of the proposed congressional action, and if not of such pressing immediate importance it, in the long run, will prove of more value even than the first.

CURRENT COMMENT.

In formally accepting the nomination President Wilson, in what he has to say, will challenge the attention of the country, and enlist its common interest. To Democrats the address will be a call to arms, as well as a profession of faith, and a declaration of party purposes. In the domestic sense the President makes out a strong case for his party. The Republicans, many of them, have favored a tariff commission, and trade commissioners, there was the Roosevelt rural life commission, the Aldrich-Vreeland bill, the enforcement, or partial enforcement, of anti-trust laws, no man in public life ever made a finer fight for child labor legislation than did Beveridge, of Indiana, and there was much Republican support of many of the good laws of which the President speaks, and which are rightly accredited to his administration. It is none the less true that the Republicans left to their opponents an opportunity which they have grasped; Republicans committed many sins of omission. In the matter of currency reform, the late senator from Rhode Island, Mr. Aldrich, feared that the failure of his party to act promptly and intelligently, would cost his party, if not the country, dear. It did both. The Republicans, on the other hand, were not responsive to the valid demands of the country in dealing with the tariff. The element of privilege was too pronounced, and the lobby was allowed to become too active, and too offensive, and to exhibit too much effrontery. In some respects the Republicans committed grievous, and mayhap, fatal mistakes. These mistakes, and the advantage which the Democrats have been permitted to take of them, may give to Mr. Wilson a sufficient number of independent votes to insure his election.—Greensboro News (Ind.)

The people who censure Congress for hastily adopting emergency legislation to prevent a railroad strike are either fools or they want a strike. If Congress failed to rush this legislation through and a strike followed, these same people before Tuesday night would be imploring Congress and the President and all the agencies of government to settle the strike at once and on any terms. The most hysterical shouters for a settlement would be the members of chambers of commerce and manufacturers' association who so smugly deplore the "surrender" of the United States government to the pernicious demands of trades-unionism. The minute their pocket nerve was touched by the tie-up of traffic, there would not be enough ears in the country to respond to their screams. It is silly to charge Congress with surrendering to the unions. The unions had a legal right to strike when the strike was ordered. There is not a line on any attute book which prevents their striking, nor could any law be enacted before Monday which would compel them to work. Whatever their moral guilt may be, they are within the law when they do the thing that they threaten to do. Therefore, it is the duty of Congress to take such practicable means as may be adopted at once to remove the excuse for a strike. Whatever further adjustments are necessary can be left for the future. That is the common-sense method, and Congress is displaying far more intelligence and patriotism than its critics. The rights and wrongs of this controversy are yet to be determined so far as they affect the railroads and their employes. But the rights and wrongs of a railroad strike so far as they affect the public are obvious and incontestable. A philosophic fire department might plausibly contend that its chief duty was not to extinguish the flames, but to frame a fireproof building code and strengthen the laws against arson. That would no doubt be an admirable public service, but in the mean time the building would burn down, the fire would communicate itself to other buildings and a whole community would be left homeless. We prefer the Congressional way of putting out the fire first, and determining later whether it was of incendiary origin or due to defective wiring, and whether the owner can legally collect his insurance. — New York World.

IN MEMORIAM

On August 2nd, 1916, the death angel came down to earth and relieved the sufferings of little Lessie Elaine Rhodes, aged 11 months and 12 days. She was stricken with a disease incident to babyhood and was carried to the Baby Hospital in Wilmington for treatment where everything possible was done to relieve her sufferings and save the young life, but the tender bud was nipped by the grim destroyer, death, and the little bud that was promising of a beautiful flower, to still further beautify and perfume the home, was transplanted in the Garden of the Eternal City of God, where it is now blooming in its beauty and loveliness.

When the shepherd cannot get the sheep to cross the water, he takes a little lamb and carries it across and then the sheep will follow. Mother and Father, your little lamb has already crossed the chilly stream of death. There is more attraction on the "other side." While it cannot come to you, you can go to it.

Little Elaine was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Rhodes, of Rocky Point, where they have a host of friends and relatives who deeply sympathize and mourn with them their loss.

The interment was in Pike Creek church cemetery and was conducted by Rev. Mr. Clark and the writer.

C. N. PHILLIPS.

FORD EMPLOYEES DEPOSIT MANY MILLIONS IN BANK

Americans Spendthrifts Compared With Foreign Workers.

(Detroit Times).

A survey of the educational department of the Ford Motor Company has just been completed, showing the improvement in the financial condition of the employes since the $5-per-day plan has been operated.

The bank deposits show an increase in two years of $4,972,518, the average individual amount deposited having been $204.

Homes bought by employes two years ago aggregated $3,282,331, while the amount expended upon homes today is $21,787,493.

Insurance carried by Ford employes two years ago was $2,471,663; today it is $14,322,916.

Sixty-two nationalities are represented in the works. Out of 29,000 employes, only 19 said they were without religious faith.

The bank deposits average as follows: Americans $204 each; English $277; Scotch $275; Irish $343; Germans $345; Canadians $241; Hungarians $563; Polish $459; Italians $355; Austrians $97; Jewish $641; Armenians $769 and Turks $821.

These are significant figures which do not distinguish the Anglo-Saxon race for its thrift.

Even the Scotchman, who, we have always supposed, could squeeze a penny until it squealed, is among the least saving of these 12 peoples.

As for the American, no surprise is felt. He is naturally the most wasteful of all creatures and also he enjoys luxury, according to his degree of income, as does no other person under the sun.

Every cottage now boasts a piano, or a phonograph, or both; all the adornment of curtains and furniture possible, and it is no uncommon sight to see a garage in the rear.

Whether this is a fault, or whether it is a sounder philosophy which seeks to get the most out of the present and have faith in the future, is a matter for individuals to decide.

BIG RUSH OF TOBACCO

Large Sales Every Day During the Week at Greenville.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Greenville, N. C., Sept. 3.—Big sales every day and block sales two days in succession is the tobacco market record for this week. It was a surprise that last Monday's sales should have been so large, a it was thought bad weather and the fact that it was Monday would make light sales. But not so. Tobacco came in Sunday night or early Monday morning and it came in every day and most hours from then on to yesterday almost noon.

Thursday there were over 400,000 on the market and two houses had to wait for the next day. Yesterday there were about 400,000 pounds on the warehouse floors and two houses were not reached. They sold today, finishing about 1 o'clock. These sales turned loose very near $200,000 as it averaged near 25 cents per pound all around. Exact figures could not be had at this writing as every tobacco man is up to and over his ears in tobacco, finishing up the week's business, but returns in hand show them to be approximately correct and net guess work. It is said there were more farmers here with tobacco yesterday than any day in the history of the market.

MEASURED BY MONEY.

The Song of the Spieler on the "Rubbernech" Wagon.

(From the Kansas City Star.)

"The brick residence on the left," said the spieler of the rubberneck wagon (never mind what city), "is the home of the famous multimillionaire, Jones. The brownstone across the way was built by Mr. Smith, one of our wealthiest citizens. The magnificent mansion up the street belongs to A. Z. Brown, the richest man in the city. It cost $2,000,000, and includes a gold dinner service costing $55,000."

An elderly woman interrupted him. "Would you mind telling us," she said, "whether there is anybody of prominence in the city who ever did anything but make money, or who did anything in a public way with the money he made?"

The driver didn't know what to say, for it wasn't his speech, anyway; it was one the company had prepared for him. Evidently the mere possession of money was the company's idea of what the public would be interested in. But was the company right?

HEALTH IS WEALTH
by John B. Huber, A.M., M.D.

To ward off the calamity of disease and to prevent the spread of a pestilence is to increase the sum of human happiness and to elevate the race.

Benign And Malignant Tumors.

WE here continue from Saturday last our discussion of the Pre-Cancerous stage. Most benign tumors, however innocent to begin with, are potential cancers; they should in general be removed, lest cancerous infiltration take place in them. Thus may not only definite and permanent cure be vouchsafed; but also such a relatively slight and shockless operation will give the least disfigurement or mutilation. Certain kinds of moles (birth marks) may take on malignancy; there would most likely be no recurrence and no internal migratios of cancer cells from them to other and remote parts of the body if they are let alone. If, however, removal is contemplated the expertest advice and skill must be sought; the beauty doctor must in these premises be renounced; for an unskillful operator may leave some microscopic portion of the growth which may become the focus of a future cancer.

Cancer is always a tumor, a swelling, a lump as many people say. The laity are apt to think of a tumor as necessarily meaning a cancer. But to the doctor any kind of a swelling (and there are at least a score of them) is a tumor. Also there are several kinds of cancer, differing in the degree of malignancy and in their course. Superficial cancers, as those of the face and lips are reasonably recognizable by professional sight and touch and by microscopic examination; haply such a growth may prove to be something else than cancer. Deep seated cancers are much more difficult to detect; oftentimes the only indication of them is a functional disturbance of the organ or tissue involved or perhaps also of other and associated organs. Wherefore those after forty, especially women, and certainly those after forty who find their health not as it should be, should get themselves examined without delay.

ALCOHOL AND DANDRUFF.

A. R. writes: Will alcohol remove dandruff from the hair. Will it stop falling hair? Also is it beneficial?

Answer: It will help, in proper mixtures. Give yourself a good shampoo once a week, using tincture of green soap. At night rub in between the hairs the following, which the druggist will make up for you: Resorcin, a dram and a half; castor oil, an ounce and a half; brandy, five ounces; Peruvian balsam, ten drops. Label, for dandruff.

HEART TROUBLE IN A BOY OF SEVEN.

M. R. writes: My boy 7 years old, has some heart trouble. At such times he says it hurts to breathe, his heart beats so fast and loud. The first symptoms were last winter; he had three spells and has not been troubled since until this week, when he had two spells. I think he plays too much and too hard. I try to keep him quiet but it is difficult to do so. Please advise me?

Answer: At such times you must put your boy to bed. He is not to have coffee or tea; give him a teaspoonful of the following mixture which the druggist will make up for you, at eleven in the morning and at bedtime: Three drams of strontium bromid in two ounces of peppermint water. Don't let him be constipated. Fluid diet mostly. Ice bag over the heart, if he feels pain there. Hot water bottles to his feet, if they are cold. If he has adenoids or enlarged tonsils have them attended to at once. Read the article in this column on Rheumatism in Children.

TYPHOID FEVER.

Answer to T. C. B.: Typhoid is one of the most easily preventable of all diseases. Inoculations with anti-typhoid serum are a sure prophylactic. Other measures are the assurance of pure drinking water; a safe method of disposing of human sewage; the careful destruction of the germs that come from the bodies of typhoid fever patients and of carriers; and the abolition of breeding places of flies.

John B. Huber

This column is devoted to disease prevention; to physical and mental hygiene; to domestic, industrial and public sanitation; to the promotion of health; efficiency and long life. The latest developments in medical science will be presented. Questions of general interest will be answered here, space permitting—all others by mail if stamped return envelope is enclosed. Requests for personal diagnosis or treatment cannot, however, be considered in any way.

TOMORROW: Never Temporize With Cancer.

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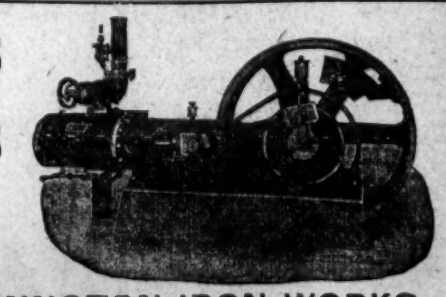

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KING LABOR WILL BE HONORED HERE TODAY

Grand Pageant of Floats Through Streets of Wilmington.

Addresses at Wrightsville Beach This Afternoon by Dr. H. Q. Alexander and Others—Athletic Events and Dancing.

The Programme.

9:00 A. M.—Grand labor pageant, starting at City Hall and moving north on Third street to Red Cross, west on Red Cross to Front, south on Front to Castle, east on Castle to Fifth, north on Fifth to Market (south side), east on Market to Ninth, west on Market (north side) to Third, south on Third to City Hall.

2:30 P. M.—Interesting programme at Lumina, Wrightsville Beach, including addresses by Dr. H. Q. Alexander, president of State Farmers' Union, and Mr. James F. Barrett, of Asheville, and also special music.

4:00 P. M.—Athletic events at Lumina, Wrightsville Beach.

King Labor will reign supreme in Wilmington today, and the entire city will capitulate to his advances early this morning, when under the auspices of the Wilmington Trades Council a grand pageant of floats will move through the principal streets, while this afternoon his cohorts together with a multitude of admirers will gather at Lumina, Wrightsville Beach to hear addresses by Dr. H. Q. Alexander, of Charlotte, president of the State Farmers' Union, and Mr. James F. Barrett, of Asheville, a prominent member of the State Federation of Labor. Athletic events, special music and dancing will provide plenty of diversion for the throngs who will go down to enjoy the holiday.

Flanked by scores of industrial floats and escorted by the civic, fraternal and military organizations of the city, King Labor's army will be massed on North Third street, in front of the City Hall, this morning at 9 o'clock, under the command of Mr. J. H. Curtis, master of ceremonies.

While labor's forces are being marshalled for their march of triumph through the streets of Wilmington, the police, firemen and military organizations representing the more martial side of the city, will form on the east side of Third street, between Chestnut and Princess, while the Rotarians and fraternal orders will mobilize on the west side to pay homage to his industrial majesty. The mass of floats will be stationed on the east side of Third between Princess and Market, and the king's own guards, the union men of Wilmington, will fall into line on the opposite side. At the W. L. I. armory the remnant of that grand army that fought under the Stars and Bars will join forces with this modern monarch.

When the bugle sounds the advance this imposing array headed by a brass band will move up Third street to Red Cross, from which point they will turn their faces toward the West, and pass in triumph down Wilmington's principal thoroughfare, Front street. At Castle street the column will swing eastward to Fifth, and thence northwardly to Market, and march up the south side of this historic trail to Ninth street, and then back on the north side to Third, where, in front of the towering columns of the municipal capital this Legion of Labor will be mustered out to assemble as civilians in the afternoon at Wrightsville Beach.

Some imposing floats are to be exhibited in the parade today and the thousands who will be massed along the line of march are promised a spectacle that will be well worth seeing, for it will be Wilmington's biggest tribute to Labor.

After the grand parade, it is expected that there will be a general exodus to the Beach, where at Lumina dancing will be in progress all day, with the exception of the time that the special exercises are in progress. Don Richardson's orchestra will be on hand to furnish music for the square dance and an expert figure caller will direct the merry crowd of holiday observers.

At 2:30 o'clock Mr. J. H. Curtis will call the gathering to order for the special exercises of the day. The visitors will be formally welcomed by Mayor Thos. H. Wright, of the town of Wrightsville Beach, and City Attorney Robert Ruark, of Wilmington.

Dr. H. Q. Alexander will be introduced by L. Clayton Grant, Esq., Democratic nominee for the next Legislature from New Hanover, and following the address by the head of the State Farmers' Union, Mr. L. Riordan, State and District Organizer of the American Federation of Labor, will introduce Mr. James F. Barrett, of Asheville.

The musical programme will include special selections by a quartette composed of Mrs. George S. Boylan, soprano; Mrs. Frank Muse, contralto; Mr. Charles L. Schulken, tenor, and Mr. W. B. Muse, bass, and by Don Richardson's orchestra. Miss Cannie Chasten will be the accompanist. Other features of the musical programme will be solos by Messrs. Muse and Schulken.

Following the special exercises there will be a series of athletic events at Lumina, at 4 o'clock.

The committee of the Wilmington Trades Council, which has had charge of the arrangements for the celebration, is composed of Messrs. J. H. Curtis, chairman; R. L. Harker, R. M. Murray, R. Pollock, W. A. Furlong, G. H. Stone, George W. Vernon, R. J. Bryan, Jr., T. H. Hawkins, John J. Bell, and J. H. Bunn.

RETURNS TO CITY

Mr. John W. Greer Will Resume Campaign for Packing House.

After having spent a week at his home in Moultrie, Ga., Mr. John W. Greer returned to Wilmington yesterday to resume his work in the campaign for a packing house here. Accompanied by Mr. W. W. Love and several other business men of the city, he will go to Jacksonville today to meet those interested in securing a packing house in Wilmington. The people of Onslow county are taking much interest in the proposed plant and are working zealously in its behalf.

BIG TRADE AFTER THE WAR

John S. Armstrong, Jr., Son of Former Wilmington Banker, Returns Home From England.

That American prosperity growing out of the European war abroad is not "mushroom" but that a foundation has been laid in England for a permanent trade in American goods is the opinion of Mr. John S. Armstrong, Jr., of Baltimore, son of Mr. John S. Armstrong, formerly a well known banker in Wilmington. Mr. Armstrong has just returned to Baltimore from Bristol, England, where his position as consul at that port puts him next in rank to the consul-general. He is one of the youngest man in the nation's diplomatic service. He is visiting his brother in Baltimore and in a recent issue of the Baltimore Sun is published the following interesting interview with him:

"Mr. Armstrong said that America's great prosperity, growing out of the war abroad, was not 'mushroom' prosperity at all, and that it need not be. The foundation has been laid in England, he declared, for a permanent market for American goods. The matter of ammunition and war supplies enters very little into the situation. Millions of dollars' worth more of every-day necessities than this country has ever exported before can be profitably exported for many years to come, war or no war, and American manufacturers, if they use intelligence, can completely usurp the places formerly occupied by German, Austrian and Belgian manufacturers in British markets, he said.

"Since the war started Mr. Armstrong has been the government's agent in Bristol in a campaign well planned by the Department of Commerce to foster permanent trade relations of greater scope between this country and Great Britain. Other consuls have been doing similar work in other ports, not only in England, but in other countries. Mr. Armstrong speaks with complete knowledge of the dispositions of both England and American tradesmen, and of the needs that must be supplied on both sides.

"England's factories are virtually impotent, as far as outputs of human necessities are concerned, he said. They have almost all been turned into ammunition plants, and the prices of clothing, shoes, food and the like have jumped 59 per cent. Already American made goods are entering the country in quantities hitherto unequaled. Cargoes of wire nails, formerly procured only from Belgium; ribbed cotton, formerly brought from Germany; foods, clothing, machinery, iron products—all are being poured into England from American ports. Ships from California sail into British ports by the way of the Panama Canal laden with fruits.

"'But,' said Mr. Armstrong, 'American tradesmen have lessons to learn if this trade is to continue after Germany, Austria and Belgium are through fighting and their people are straining every nerve to regain their shattered commercial prestige. We have keen competitors in those countries. The Germans have studied British needs. When Englishmen want nails with certain kinds of heads, or shoes of a certain style, or if a certain kind of machinery is in vogue, German merchants supply them with exactly what they want. They have commercial agents with headquarters in England, and they have built up personal relations with English buyers. Those relations have, of course, become valueless since the war, but they may be reopened afterwards unless Americans, by doing the same things now, get in on the ground floor.

"'I find that American manufacturers are not liberal enough with credit terms. Many of them demand that the cash be deposited in a New York bank before they will deliver the goods. Others think they have done enough when they send the goods f. o. b. New York. German and Austrian trade supremacy in England before the war was due to this shortsightedness in America. That is something America must realize. It is a matter of convenience to the English that quotations on goods be made in pounds, shillings and pence, instead of in dollars and cents. They understand the former better, and they don't have to do a lot of figuring.

"'All these little things are of importance and American exporters are learning them every day. The Department of Commerce sends out bulletins containing notices of trade opportunities which we dig up over there, and many big deals have been made in that way.'

"Mr. Armstrong said the English people are convinced that the late Lord Kitchener's prophecy that the war would last three years is true, and that it will end next summer. Some American factories have established plants in England, and American young men are running them, he said. 'But the biggest opportunity for the young American is right here,' said Mr. Armstrong. 'The way America's foreign trade is booming now proves that.'

"Mr. Armstrong married an Irish girl in England. She is here with him. They will stay at the Armstrong home until September 30, and then return to Bristol. This will probably be their last trip home until the war ends."

WILMINGTON CUSTOMS HOUSE SHOWS TREMENDOUS GAIN

Receipts For Past Month Were Over Twelve Thousand Per Cent Greater

A gain of twelve thousand, seven hundred and fourteen per cent, is certainly going some in the classic language of the mining camps and to the lay mind, unaccustomed to figuring such large percentages, conveys but little idea of just how much such a large increase in business is.

However, the Wilmington Customs House is able to furnish concrete illustrations of such a gain for its receipts during the past month were $99,602.51, while for the previous August they were only $77.29, showing a net increase of $98,825.23. A little expert calculation by anyone, who has taken a course in that much abused, study known in the ancient edition of Pike's arithmetic as "Percentage," will show that this is a gain of 12,714 per cent.

One of the principal reasons for this enormous increase is the fact that as Wilmington is the headquarters for the Custom District of North Carolina, all the foreign tobacco that is shipped to this State in bond is collected for at the local port. However, a branch customs office has recently been established at Winton-Salem to handle the large tobacco shipments to that city. Mr. S. F. Highsmith, formerly of the local customs service, is now stationed at Winston-Salem.

FINE SHOWING BY JUNIORS

State Councillor W. A. Cooper, of Raleigh, Will Have Splendid Report at Goldsboro Meeting.

Wilmington will be represented by a large delegation at the annual meeting of the State Council of the Junior Order United American Mechanics which convenes in Goldsboro on Tuesday night of this week. The reports of the officers of the State organization will show the greatest increase of any previous year in the history of the order and the two Wilmington councils, Jeff Davis and George Washington, have contributed their full share to this remarkable growth while the large increase and activity of the order is due in no small part to the energetic work of Mr. W. A. Cooper, of Raleigh, the energetic State Councilor.

When Mr. Cooper was installed as State Councillor at Charlotte last year, says yesterday's Raleigh News and Observer, he said he must have an increaes of 2,500 in membership and 12 new councils. This was ten times the increase for the previous year, but his report will show that he not only reached the goal he set for himself, but that the gain in members has actually been 4,000, while 25 new councils have been organized.

Mr. Cooper has broken all previous records, says the Raleigh paper, and he has also originated the Junior Order Day or Service Day to be observed by doing service for others. This day was generally observed all over the State in painting school houses, cleaning up communities, visiting the sick and ministering to their needs, clothing orphans, etc. In Wake county all the school houses were painted in one day by the Juniors. In one village 175 men with 21 teams proceeded to clean up the town and haul out all trash.

The Junior Order has been unusually active in promoting the interests of the public schools, as a matter of fact the work is more largely centered around the public schools by the Junior Order of North Carolina than any other phase of its work.

One of the objects of the order is to restrict immigration, by excluding the anarchist, nihilist, criminal and ignorant. The bill passed by Congress by such a large majority and vetoed by the President known as the Burnett bill is the outcome of the agitation of the Junior Order, who have kept a man employed at Washington for years at work on this bill.

The Junior Order has been very active both in a co-operative way and individual work in eliminating adult illiteracy. The State Council appropriated $1,500.00 at its last meeting to keep a man in the field for his entire time at work on this line. Scores of council rooms were used as school rooms with the local councils paying all expenses of lights, paper, pencils, etc.

The Junior Order is the strongest fraternal order, numerically, in the State. It now numbers over 40,000 with about 280 councils. The amount paid out in sick and death benefits is over $375,000.00 for the year past.

The meeting of State Council at Goldsboro this week is expected to be the largest in attendance in the history of the order.

DREAMING DIDN'T HELP

Judge Stacy Was Ready for Lawyer and Didn't "Fall" to His Plea

"The judge dreamed and the lawyer dreamed and as a result of all this dreaming a penitentiary sentence of ten years stands," says Edward Lansing Cowles, associate editor of the Charlotte Observer, in an interesting story he tells of Judge Stacy, of Wilmington, in his special "colyum" which is labeled "Down in Carolina." The remainder of the story follows:

"It all came about this way, and it is as rich a joke as was ever had in a court room. Judge Stacy was on the bench. Judge Brooks was at the bar. The prisoner concerned was Joe Bryan convicted of crime, recently released from a two-year term in the prison at Atlanta and sentenced to spend ten years at hard labor in the penitentiary at Raleigh.

"Judge Brooks had defended the convicted man and the judge happens to have a very tender conscience. So, after the judge had sentenced the man to his 10 years, the length of the term, the tears of an aged mother, the tenderness of the lawyer's heart all began to work on the judge's mind and the next morning he appeared in court, before Judge Stacy with this plea:

"'Your Honor, I have been very much exercised about a dream which I had this morning. I thought and thought in my dream, and figured out how terribly long 10 years in the penitentiary, 520 weeks, 3,500 days and thousands of hours and millions of minutes. Now, Your Honor, this boy has already been in prison two years, his old mother needs him, and I beg the court that his sentence be reduced from ten to eight years.'

"Whereupon the judge, without moving a muscle of his face, replied:

"'Mr. Brooks, I am very much interested in your dream. Strange to say, I had a dream too, this morning, but rather in the opposite field of yours. I dreamed that this young man had not had enough. I came over to the court this morning, resolved to add three more years to the sentence. Since you dreamed that it should be less, and I deramed that it should be more, it may be wise to let the sentence stand as it is.'

"And then a broad smile came over the face of every man and now the Smithfield folks are guying Judge Brooks about his dream which unlike to Joseph's nocturnal reveries, left the dreamer where he was before."

NEGRO'S BODY FOUND

Coroner Holden Will Investigate Accidental Drowning at Clyde Line.

Following the finding yesterday of the body of David Nixon, the negro who was drowned at the Clyde Line wharf at the foot of Castle street on Friday morning, Coroner A. S. Holden impanelled a jury yesterday afternoon which viewed the remains, after they were removed to Shaw's undertaking establishment, and will meet this morning at 10 o'clock at the county court house to examine witnesses.

The body of the negro was discovered on the water near the foot of Greenfield street, nearly a mile below the point where the negro lost his life, by Mr. Kader Cumming. There were no marks on the body to indicate any injuries of any kind.

The jury summoned by Coroner Holden yesterday afternoon is as follows: Messrs. L. H. Partin, foreman; R. E. Williams, secretary; J. L. King, Chas. V. Motte, L. S. Sharpless and O. H. Shoemaker.

COAST LINE LIFTS EMBARGO

Conditions in Transportation Circles Resumed Normal Status After Strike Was Called Off.

The Atlantic Coast Line has lifted its embargo on freight which was put into force on Thursday of last week because of the impending strike of railway employes throughout the country and effective today all shipments will be received under the usual conditions. Following the announcement made on Saturday night that the threatened strike had been called off, business conditions quickly became normal again and yesterday there was little interest manifested in what 24 hours before had overshadowed every other important item of news, making even President Wilson's official notification that he had been renominated by the Democratic party as its standard bearer take second place.

With the next presidential election but 60 days off, interest in politics will now assume first place along with the European war. The probable effect of the passage of the eight-hour law by Congress upon the political status of the country now becomes one of the chief topics of discussion among those interested in running the affairs of this great country.

While many of the college boys and girls in this part of the State, fearing that there might be a strike, took their departure on Saturday, by far the greater number were willing to take chances and waited until this week to go. The strike very effectually, however, stopped travel on the part of the belated vacationists to the western part of the State and many of those who now would no doubt be in the mountains are spending the beautiful autumn days at the beaches in this vicinity and are finding it every bit as enjoyable as if they were viewing the giant ranges of the Blue Ridge.

While freight will be received today by the railroads as usual, announcement was made early last week that in accordance with a long established custom, Labor Day would be observed as a holiday and as a consequence the freight offices of both the Seaboard and the Atlantic Coast Line will be closed today except between the hours of 9 and 10 o'clock this morning for the delivery of perishable freight.

—Mr. James Menzies, freight traffic manager of the Atlantic Coast Line, has returned from a trip to the Piedmont section of the State.

4% Compounded Quarterly Paid On All Accounts 4%

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$1.00 Will Start You.

Old and Strong

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

CORNER FRONT AND PRINCESS STREETS

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A COMFORT now and a Joy hereafter.

We Pay 4% on All Deposits. One Dollar will Start you.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company

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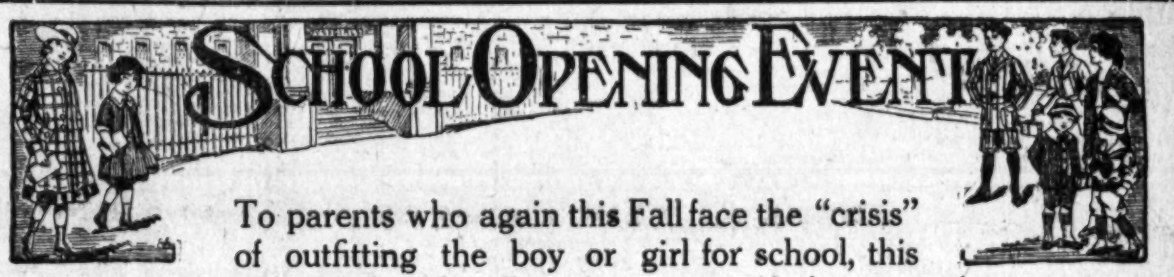

To parents who again this Fall face the "crisis" of outfitting the boy or girl for school, this opening event will appeal with telling force, not only because of its true economies but for the dependable character of everything concerned. And by "character" we mean quality and workmanship and the most favored, newest feature of youthful Fall and Winter styles.

Whether in apparel or accessories of dress, the same infinite care exercised in our selections—even in the smallest things this important point will be remarked upon at once.

School Shoes for Girls

Misses' Black Vici Kid Button; school heel; all solid leather; sizes 8 1-2 to 11, at $1.25

Misses' as above; sizes 11 1-2 to 2; at $1.50

Misses' heavy kid and gun metal School Shoes, 9 to 11 1-2, at $1.50

Same as above; sizes 12 to 2, $1.75

Misses' patent leather button School Shoes; cloth or Metcalf top; sizes 9 to 11, at . . . $1.75

Same as above, 12 to 2 1-2, at $2.00

Buster Brown School Shoes, 8 1-2 to 11, at $2.00

Buster Brown School Shoes, 11 1-2 to 2, at . . . . $2.50 and $2.95

Girl's School Dresses Economically Priced

Dresses that are something more than just "pretty," because so well made in all their details, not one of which was overlooked by the conscientious manufacturer.

Charmingly becoming in their youthful lines, and stylish because so different. Worthy examples of economic pricing.

Children's Gingham School Dresses; plain, neat styles and good quality; sizes 2 to 6 years 48c

Children's good quality Gingham and Percale Dresses; sizes 6 to 14 years, at 50c

Children's fine quality Gingham and Chambray Dresses; sizes 6 to 14 years, at 98c

Finest Cotton School Dresses; variety of attractive styles, at only . . . . . $1.48 and $1.98

Misses Serge Middy Dresses . . . . . $4.95 to $10.00

Misses' one-piece Serge Dresses . . . . . $3.50 to $4.95

Sturdy Shoes for Boys

Boys' Satin Calf Blucher School Shoes; sizes 9 to 13, at . . $1.25

Boys' as above; sizes 13 1-2 to 2, at $1.50

Boys' as above; sizes 2 1-2 to 6, at $1.68

Boys' all solid leather kid Blucher School Shoes; sizes 9 to 13, at $1.38

Boys' as above, 13 1-2 to 2, $1.48

Boys' gun metal Blucher; all solid leather School Shoes; sizes 9 to 13, at $1.75

Boys' as above; sizes 13 1-2 to 2, at $2.00

Boys' as above; sizes 2 1-2 to 6 1-2, at $2.25

School Head Wear

Children's Soft Felt Hats; white and navy, at 50c

Children's Corduroy School Hats; all colors . . . . . 69c to $1.48

Misses' Felt School Hats; all solid colors, with fancy bands, at $1.95, $2.95

BOYS' SCHOOL SUITS That Will Stand the Strain

Boyishly attractive and smart looking suits that you'll be as proud to have him wear as he will be to "show off" in before his schoolmates. Priced without prejudice to their many distinctively strong and new features.

Boys' All-Wool Serge, Worsted and Cassimere Norfolk Suit; newest model, lined pants $4.98

Boys' Fancy Cassimere Norfolk or Pinch-Back Suits; latest models, at . . . . . $5.95 and $6.50

Tough School Hose

Rover Lad Boys' Heavy-Ribbed Black Hose, at 10c

Misses Fine Ribbed Lisle Finished Hose; black or white; seconds, at . . . 10c

Misses' fine ribbed Lisle Finished Hose; first quality; black or white, at . 15c

Boys' extra heavy ribbed Black School Hose; extra value; all sizes, at . 15c

Misses' Mercerized Lisle Hose; beautiful silky quality; black or white, 25c

BELK-WILLIAMS CO.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mrs. Robert Morse, of Southport, was in the city yesterday, a guest at The Orton.

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Capt. J. D. Matheson and family, of Brown's Landing, were in the city yesterday.

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Misses Daisy and Mamie Lewis, of Snead's Ferry, were guests at The Imperial yesterday.

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Mr. and Mrs. L. Johnson, of Dunn, N. C., were among those registered at The Imperial yesterday.

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Mrs. R. L. Coker and Mrs. G. S. Best, of Goldsboro, were in the city yesterday guests of The Imperial.

• • •

Mr. R. M. Lewis and sister, Miss Sallie Lewis, of Hamlet, spent yesterday in the city. They were registered at The Imperial.

• • •

Mrs. J. Bailey Robeson and son, Stuart, of Sanford, returned home yesterday after a pleasant visit to Mr. and Mrs. J. Davis Robbins, Jr., No. 218 No. Second stdeet.

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Mrs. H. L. Vollers and Mrs. V. E. Zoeller and family have returned from the mountains of Western North Carolina where they have been spending part of the summer. Misses Myrtle and Katharine Vollers, who accompanied them to the mountains, are visiting in Winston-Salem before returning to the city.

• • •

Sunday's Baltimore Sun: 'Mr. John S. Armstrong, Jr., American consul at Bristol, England, and Mrs. Armstrong, whose wedding took place this spring, have arrived in Baltimore to be the guests until the latter part of September of Mr. Armstrong's parents at their residence, 1200 Eutaw Place. Mr. Armstrong, Sr., and his daughter, Miss Beulah Ellis Armstrong, returned a fortnight ago from the Pocono Mountains, where they have been spending the greater part of the summer. Mrs. Armstrong, Miss Dorothy Frances Armstrong and Miss Majorie Aylesford Armstrong will not return until this week."

Wrightsville Beach

While the crowds at the beach yesterday were not as large as they were in the midst of the summer season, the Tidewater Power Company carried down 3,000 people during the day. It was very pleasant, the touch of autumn making the beach all the more attractive.

The total number of excursionists coming to Wilmington yesterday from nearby points was 950, practically all of whom visited the beach yesterday afternoon.

Surf bathing continues to be one of the most popular diversions at the beach and there were several hundred who went in at Lumina yesterday afternoon. They found it very delightful at low tide, the ocean being unusually calm and wholly free from roughness.

There was a big audience present at the afternoon concert by Don Richardson's orchestra yesterday afternoon and the different numbers were given liberal applause.

While all the hotels with the exception of the Oceanic, which finishes the season tomorrow, have closed for the season, the numerous cottages are still open and have many guests yet, who find the beach to be as delightful as ever.

Dr. Phillip S. McGann, who is now practicing his profession of dentistry in Boston, Mass., but who formerly was employed in the general offices of the Atlantic Coast Line in Wilmington, returned home yesterday after spending his vacation at the Seaside cottage.

Among the recent arrivals at the Seaside cottage are: Mr. and Mrs. T. T. Murphy and Mrs. J. A. Bannerman, of Burgaw, and Miss May Pepper, of Lexington, Miss.

Mrs. Hal Worth, of Raleigh, and Mrs. E. P. Crow, of Houston, Texas, are spending some time at the Seaside cottage.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

—Among the arrivals at The Imperial yesterday were E. N. Vinson, Rocky Mount; Morris C. Barfield, Mount Olive; F. G. Daeber, George H. Green, Nathan Moxkid and G. A. Steady, Southport.

—Among the arrivals at The Orton yesterday were: A. S. Baskin, Winston-Salem; D. G. Best and David Smith, Whiteville; E. A. Hawes, Atkinson; J. W. Woodward, Warsaw; W. H. Dickinson, Greensboro.

—Among the arrivals at the Wilmington yesterday were: John C. Langley, Southport; J. E. Wilson, Stedman; Thomas J. Mahoney, Gustave Dopp, Otto Caudle and Ed Hull, Fort Caswell; J. W. Coleman, Elizabethtown; W. L. Hoover, Charlotte; R. F. Williams, Roseboro.

LOCAL DOTS

—Officers Long and Davis made a raid on a negro house at Ninth and Wooster streets, early Sunday morning, and interrupted a crap game that was in progress. Six of the negroes were arrested. They were: George Bullock, Sam Walker, Willie Dangerfield, Will Parker, Cassie Goodall and Jim Brown.

FUNERAL OF MRS. FOWLER

Laid Away Yesterday Afternoon at Bellevue.

Funeral services for Mrs. Jane Fowler, who died at 5 o'clock Saturday morning at the Red Cross Sanitarium, were conducted from the residence of her sister, Mrs. Marcus C. Gray, No. No. 805 South Fifth street, at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon by Rev. W. G. Hall, pastor of Southside Baptist church. Interment was in Bellevue. The following acted as pallbearers: Messrs. W. C. Moore, W. H. Rivenbark, D. W. Ormsby and J. S. Lane.

NO NEED TO FEAR EPIDEMIC

Health Department of New Hanover Exercising Every Care to Prevent Outbreak of Infantile Paralysis.

The people of Wilmington need have no fears of an epidemic of infantile paralysis, according to Dr. Charles T. Nesbitt, county health officer, as every precaution is being taken to see that all suspicious cases are kept under strict observation and as soon as discovered are always isolated. As stated in The Star, there have during the past month been several suspicious cases, but none of these have developed any severe symptoms and in each case the children have recovered and there has been no further infection.

Dr. George W. Bowdoin has reported to the Health Department that the six-year-old daughter of Mr. M. L. Lyman, of Delgado, has every symptom of having passed the acute stage of the disease, but has now almost recovered.

The parents of the little girl are Christian Scientists and did not call Dr. Bowdoin until Friday when, because of a slight paralysis on the right side, they feared that it might be infantile paralysis. An analysis of the spinal fluid by Dr. J. Buren Sidbury showed symptoms of the disease. A consultation of several physicians, including Dr. Houston Moore, Dr. Sidbury, Dr. Bowdoin and Dr. John Thames, resulted in a diagnosis that certainly the case showed every sign of being infantile paralysis.

The child is now able to walk about, having been ill for several weeks, and the paralysis is fast disappearing. It is not believed that any ill effects will follow, it is stated, as the critical stage has passed.

It is not unusual for sporadic cases of infantile paralysis to break out, it is stated, and there have in the past been cases of it reported to the Health Department, although none have occurred before in the last two years.

Those who have studied the disease closely believe that with the approach of cold weather, the epidemics that have prevailed in New York and other Northern cities will be stamped out.

Every precaution has been taken in Wilmington to have any suspicious cases isolated as soon as they are discovered and to keep all persons coming from infected districts under close observation.

FRANCISCO MADERO FOUND DEAD IN BED IN NEW YORK

Was Father of the Late President Madero of Mexico.

New York, Sept. 3.—Francisco Madero, father of the late President Madero of Mexico, and one of the largest land and mine owners in that country, was found dead in bed at his home here today from heart disease. He was 67 years old.

Mr. Madero fled to this city after the assasination of his two sons, Francisco, Jr., then president of Mexico, and Gustavo, who had been financial agent for the revolutionists.

President Madero was killed on February 21, 1913, and Gustavo two days before.

The family estate, said to have been valued at $6,000,000, including large holdings of land in northern Mexico, were confiscated by the Huerta government, but three weeks ago the Carranza government informed Mr. Madero that his property would be restored to him.

The body will be taken to Mexico for burial, according to the family.

Friends of Mr. Madero assert that after the tragic deaths of his sons he never discussed Mexico with them or members of his family.

TO HOLD MEETINGS

Evangelist M. W. Huggins, of Dunn, to Preach at Wrightsboro.

Evangelist W. M. Huggins, of Dunn, will begin a series of meetings at the Wrightsboro Baptist church on next Sunday night which will continue for ten days. Evangelist Huggins comes highly recommended as a preacher of unusual power and eloquence and Rev. W. H. Rivenwark, the pastor of the church, expects great good to result from his preaching. All Christian people of the community are invited to attend the services.

"GET TOGETHER" SERIVCE

Members of Bladen Street Methodist Church to Meet Tomorrow Night

A "Get Together" meeting will be held at the church tomorrow night at 8 o'clock by the members of Bladen Street Methodist church and as business of importance is to be attended to, it is hoped that every member will be present. Following the business meeting there will be an enjoyable social given which will include a special musical programme consisting of anthems by the choir, selections by a quartette, duets, solos and several readings. Everybody will be welcome.

PICNIC TODAY.

Day's Outing Planned at Smith's Landing—Dancing.

Smith's Landing, on Masonboro Sound, is scheduled to be the rendezvous of a merry party of picknickers today. Numerous sports including dancing, boating and fishing, will be enjoyed. The affair is being given under the management of Messrs. W. A. Branch H. W. Yopp and J. T. White. The public is invited to attend and aid in the merrymaking.

MAKES FINE RECORD

Mr. Geo. S. Boylan Makes Good Score at Gun Club.

By smashing 93 out of a possible 100 Friday, Mr. George Boylan established a record for the New Hanover Gun Club. Messrs. Lawrence Childs and J. D. McClarey, each broke 90. Mr. Boylan also broke 48 out of a possible 50, this time being closely followed by Messrs. Childs and J. J. Loughlin, who succeeded in getting 44 out of the 50.

THE SUCCESS OF FAILURE

Dr. John Jeter Hurt Delivers Interesting Discourse on This Subject at First Baptist Church.

Taking for his topic "The Success of Failure," based on Hebrews 11:38, "Of them the world was unworthy," Dr. John Jeter Hurt preached an inspiring sermon at the First Baptist church yesterday morning. At the evening service, Dr. Hurt transposed his morning's subject and spoke on "The Failure of Success."

At the morning service, Dr. Hurt said that the persons who had attained the loftiest pinnacles of success, from a spiritual standpoint are often those whom the world classes as failures. The true proportion of one's success, he said, cannot be judged by either wealth, popularity or education Were we to judge by wealth, then the late Mrs. Hettie Green, the woman millionaire, who, at her death, was proclaimed by newspapers as the "world's greatest woman," must be placed on a higher pedestal than such women as Mrs. Fanny Crosby, the blind hymn writer.

Mrs. Green's only success, he said, was in the coining of a vast fortune. She did nothing to alleviate the sufferings an dtroubles of humanity, while the songs of Mrs. Crosby have brought solace and comfort to the souls of thousands. From a wordly point of view, Mrs. Green was a magnificent success, and Mrs. Crosby a failure. Yet the recording angel has marked after the one, failure, and crowned the other with the laurels of success.

If popularity is used as a standard, said the speaker, Charlie Chaplin, the motion picture comedian, is a thousand times a greater success than is Hughes or any other statesman.

Education and culture as a means of judging would be to plant Aaron Burr, and men of his type on a higher plane than such men as Dwight L. Moody and Sam Jones, Dr. Hurt declared.

The truly great men, said Dr. Hurt, are those who place religion above their reason. They do not discard religion because they find it a mystery too great for them to reason out. They accept it as a truth, and overrule the inclinations of their reasonings. The average man can not reason the marvelous system of chemistry that goes to make up his daily food, yet he accepts it above his reason.

Again those who attain spiritual success, do not kneel before conformity on its throne of iniquity. The business man who does may attain great worldly success. He will cut the corners of truth, and ease his conscience by saying that business is business. He will amass great wealth, only at the summit of his success to hear the summons, "Thou fool, this night thy soul is required of thee."

Abraham placed religion above his reason, and refused to conform to existing customs when he led his only and dearly beloved son to the altar as a living sacrifice. He is not alone in refusing to conform. Dante, Shakespeare and other great men of history did likewise.

Many women will obey the decree of the suffrage movement and seek and attain success in the movement, Dr. Hurt declared, but the truly successful women will attain her success in the home.

BOY KNOCKED DOWN BY CAR

Ben Littleton Slightly Injured Last Night.

While attempting to ride his bicycle around an automobile on North Front street in front of the postoffice, shortly after 8 o'clock last night, Ben Littleton, a 14-year-old white boy, was knocked down and slightly bruised by a Carolina trolley car in charge of Motorman John Smith. The little boy was taken to the offices of the Tidewater Power Company where he was examined by Dr. G. H. Croom, who stated that he was not seriously injured.

The boy, who is a news carrier, had just turned into Front street from Chestnut when the accident occurred. An automobile belonging to Mr. M. W. Jacobi was standing on the street near the Bon Marche, and Ben, not noticing the car that was coming from the direction of the Union Station, turned into the car track to go around the automobile when the car struck his bicycle and hurled him to the pavement.

He was dazed for a few minutes but received himself and accompanied Officer Tolar to the offices of the Tidewter Power Company.

SHERIFF ARRESTS MAN

Chief Peace Officer of Bladen Wants Information About Wash Latum.

Sheriff J. M. Clark, of Elizabethtown, writes The Star that he has captured Wash Latum or N. W. Latum, who, he says, is wanted in Bladen county for several offenses. Sheriff Clark says he has returned the warrants that he had for Latum and that he would like to get in touch with those who want the man.

Sheriff Clark understands that Latum is wanted at or near Macatoki and at Rocky Mount for "jumping" board bills and the officer also states that he has information that the man deserted from the army in Tennessee. Several "bad" checks are also alleged to have been given by Latum. Sheriff Clark says Latum has a family at Elizabethtown and that he is supposed to have a wife also at Hallsboro.

BOYS' CAMP A SUCCESS.

Plans Being Made for an Enlarged Camp Next Year—Officers Elected.

The Business Boys' week-end camps are going to be held on a larger scale next year, according to the decision of the group of business men who have had the matter in charge. This year accommodations were made for only 24 boys at Kirkham's Landing, on Masonboro Sound. Next year it is planned to make provision for a larger number of boys, and to lengthen the term from four to six weeks.

Nine members of this year's camp won the emblem for the first degree. A fine camp spirit was developed and an intense rivalry was in evidence concerning the tent contests.

The following officers were elected: President, Walter Bradshaw; secretary, Hubert Dobson; treasurer, Leon Rich.

ATTENTION JUNIORS.

All members of Jeff Davis and George Washington Councils, Junior Order of United American Mechanics, and visiting brothers, are requested to assemble on the west side of Third street, between Princess and Chestnut, not later than nine o'clock Monday morning, September 4th, 1916, to take part in Labor Day parade.

HARDY LANIER,
Chairman Joint Committee.
se2-2t

PREACHES SERMON ON LABOR

Rev. Andrew J. Howell Points Out Relation Between Workingmen and the Kingdom of God.

"The Kingdom and the Workingmen" was the subject of a very interesting and helpful sermon by Rev. Andrew J. Howell at the Winter Park Presbyterian church yesterday morning. He took his text from St. John 18:36, "My Kingdom is not of this world," and pointed out very clearly the relation that the laboring man as well as the employer should have to the kingdom of God. The sermon was peculiarly appropriate not only in view of the fact that today is being observed as Labor Day, but also because of the recent threatened railroad strike and was heard with close attention by a large congregation. Mr. Howell spoke, in part, as follows:

"Pilate had asked Jesus if he were the King of the Jews, and the Saviour answered indirectly, 'My kingdom is not of this world'; and later asserted the fact that for that cause He came into the world, to bear witness to the truth. And the world has since then been impressed with the fact that there is an unseen kingdom which commands the loyalty of a large part of the human race; although there are many millions of individuals who are unwilling to acknowledge its claims upon them. The fact of its existence is indisputable; and the One who who stood before Pilate is proclaimed to be King.

"This statement by Jesus tells us by inference that His Kingdom did not begin in this world; for before man was born He was a King by God's appointment, and the celestial beings in Heaven acknowledged Him to be King. Nor is the Kingdom confined to this world; but it touches the life of men and blesses them, infusing its scared influences into their lives. It is like the morning cloud that descends to the earth and distills its precious dew upon the grass and flowers, giving them life and beauty.

"The Kingdom, therefore, is above the world, and its chief concern is to prepare men to live forever within its realm and to develop the character which befits the subjects of the everlasting King.

"But there is nothing in the world that is not connected with the Kingdom; for wherever man lives and works and seeks pleasure there the Kingdom of the Christ must go and tell him of better things which may come to him if he becomes a true subject of the heavenly King. This morning I am to speak particularly of the industrial order, in which men work in order to live and to sustain those who are dependent upon them. For it is the purpose of God that men shall work. 'If any will not to work, neither let him eat.' The work of the world is necessarily the life of the world; and the Kingdom of Jesus must have a close connection with the industry.

"We naturally inquire; did Jesus teach anything definite respecting the working classes? It would be strange if He did not; for the deepest worldly concerns of men could not escape His attention. I am quite sure, from a few things spoken by Him, we may form a good idea of His attitude toward those who employ men and those who are employed. His teaching always state general principles and must be adjusted to circumstances as they arise and change from time to time in the history of the world.

Working For Others.

"First, I shall speak of the men who work for others. The Saviour made a statement which would protect them from oppression and injustice; that is, 'The laborer is worthy of his hire,' Luke 10:7. That means that the man who works is entitled to everything that should come to him from his labor, in the way of compensation and advantages. No one has a right to deprive a man of these. And no one should disregard the natural desire of the heart of man to make the best he can out of his life. There is no finer picture than that of the home of an American working man, well supported. It is his castle to protect him and his family from many of the evils of life.

"Jesus Himself dignified labor by working as a carpenter. He knew that it was to be employed and to receive wages; and the employed classes could not better be guided in their affairs than by thinking how Jesus would feel and do if He were in their place.

"Then the Saviour undoubtedly recognizes the position and privileges of the employers. He unmistakably teaches that they have a right to be respected as employers and to make terms with those who are engaged in their service.

Listen to this passage from the Gospel of Luke (17th chapter):

"'But which of you, having a servant plowing or feeding cattle, will say unto him by and by, when he is come from the field, Go and sit down to meat? And will not rather say unto him, Make ready wherewith I may sup, and gird thyself, and serve me, till I have eaten and drunken; and afterward thou shalt eat and drink? Doth he thank that servant because he did the things that were commanded him? I trow not.'

"This tells of the deference owed to those who employ others by the ones employed. Jesus did not mention this natural incident to human life at all in the way of condemnation. The spirit of Christianity is a spirit of service.

"Then he spoke of the right of the householder to employ laborers upon the terms he offered, which might be accepted or rejected. Those who went at sunrise, or the third hour, were not paid more than those who came at the eleventh hour. We know this has a spiritual significance, as to entering the Kingdom; but it also involves a principle which respects the rights of employers. They have heavy burdens and responsibilities which are often ignored.

"But employers should recognize the personal needs of those employed by them; and certainly should emphasize in their dealings the counsel given by Paul to the Roman Christians, 'Be kindly affectioned one to another;' and also (Galatians 6:2) 'Bear ye one another's burdens, and so fulfil the law of Christ.' The men who work have a divine right to sympathy and help from those who employ them, especially when their service is faithful. The man traveling into a far country commended and rewarded the servants who were faithful and improved their opportunities. But the disaffected and critical servant was condemned, and justly so.

Should Respect Employer.

"Undoubtedly the employed classes have a right to ask for improved conditions and we rejoice in what their demands have brought them. But they are not justified in concluding that everything they ask must be given; for the other side has rights to be respected, as long as it is reasonable and considerate of the men who work. Oppression is not by any means always on the side of the employer; but it may be just as great when it exists in unreasonable demands from those who labor. The spirit of Christianity, which is one of love and kindness, will solve any question which arises in the industrial world.

"'To catch dame Fortune's golden smile,
Assiduous wait upon her;
And gather gear by every mile
That's justified by honor;
Not for to hide it in a hedge,
Nor for a train attendant;
But for the glorious privilege
Of being independent.'

"There is always hope for one who earns his living by working for others, to shift his position, to some extent, and be independent of those under whose employ he might become restless. For, however one may live and one may work, 'A man's a man for a' that', and the world is before him; only he must use the world and not abuse it (I Cor. 7:31).

Moral Force Involved.

"In the industrial crisis now before the country, there are some moral and religious questions involved, outside of the question of compensation for work. And these questions, as affecting our religious life as a nation, ought to be met and answered.

"If an 8-hour working day be established, what will the men do with their leisure? There is a moral force in work; but 'an idle brain is the devil's workshop.' There are many who proclaim nowadays that the 24 hours of the day should be divided, eight for work, eight for sleep, and eight for play.' But too much attention to pleasure would mean ruin to our nation and a weakening of the moral strength of the people. If the division should be eight for work, eight for sleep, and eight for independent employment, it would be infinitely better. That is, if one should have a feeling 'that life is real, life is earnest,' he should try to have all of it serve some good end. There must necessarily come times for 'play,' but the hours

(Continued on Page Eight.)

Get a Whole Quart for 35c.

Double Distilled Witch Hazel....

Excellent for relief in cases of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises, Piles, Hemorrhages, Burns, Scalds, Etc.

Is fine after shaving, and for general use as a face lotion; good for rough, dry skin, sunburn and chapped face or hands.

Mission Pharmacy

5 NORTH FRONT ST.

'Phone 799.

Monday Selling at the Bon Marche Will Show Many Splendid Bargains

We Close at 1 o'clock Today

One lot of Ginghams, worth up to 12 1-2c yd.; Specal today ..... 8c yd.

One lot of yard-wide Percales, 12 1-4c grade; Special today at ..... 9c yd.

Children's and Ladies' Hose; at ..... 9, 12 and 19c pr.

Large lot of Ribbons, wide widths that formerly sold at 35c, 50c on up to 75c yd.; Special at ..... 19c yd.

One assortment of Flowers that sold $1.50 and $2.00; Special at ..... 9c bunch

Yard-wide Messalines and Satins, worth up to $1.50 yd.; Special today for ..... 69c yd.

Large size Bed Spreads; Special at 98c

Silk Umbrellas that sold for $4, $5 and $6; Special today at ..... $1.75 (One to a customer.)

Cotton Voile; Special Monday morning from 9 until 10; worth up to 25c yd.; Special at ..... 5c yd. (10 yards to a customer.)

Double Bed Sheets; Special at ..... 39c ea.

Pillow Cases, 42x36; Special ..... 10c ea.

Special lot of Winter Underwear that has been selling for $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00 garment; Special ..... 25c ea.

Special Values all Over the Store

Be Sure and Give Us a Call Today

Our Bargain Sale Will Close in a Few Days. So Come Now Before it Is Too Late

BonMarche

COAT SUIT STYLE NOTES

(*Continued*)

The silhouette this season shows a most pleasing flare from the waist-line down.

"This is true in all three varieties of suits that are being shown—the simple tailored model, which has so much to recommend it to business women, professional women and women of refined taste in general; the Norfolk model which comes this season in many original variations and which with its pleats and pockets and belts always gives a youthful appearance; and the dressy models which are distinguished by attractive pockets, shirrings at the waist and many other touches of interest.

"In suits the leading materials are gabardines, poplins, whipcords, serges, wool velours and broadcloths. The colors most in favor are navy blue, brown, taupe, burgundy, plum and green."

Wooltex Suits **A. D. BROWN** *Wooltex Coats*

An Acrostic Tribute to Don Richardson Orchestra

(Contributed.)

Dear friends, we regret the time has come, when you must go
Out on the ocean your melodies flow;
None of us can thank you for the pleasures you bestow.

Rich is the gift with which you are endowed,
Inspiring to heights of which you should be proud.
Chords such as yours can ne'er be forgot—
He that gives the world the best he has is sure to have a plot.
Always you have made Lumina an enchanting spot.
Remember, we will each earnest endeavor,
Doing all that you could, no matter the weather;
Smiling and happy as you each pull together.
Out from among us, as you each go your way,
Naught but happiness and prosperity be yours each day.
Support you, we will; doing all we can; for one we term a thorough gentleman.

Out on the waves re-echoes the strain:
Richardson! Richardson! Ever the same.
Coming back? We earnestly hope you may!
How much pleasure you have given, no one can say!
Expressions of praises we hear from far and near;
Soul music it is to an appreciative ear.
To meet, to know, then to part
Rings out in sadness from many a heart.
Adieu, and as you go, may your notes cheer many, whose hopes have fallen low.

Announcement of Protection

We are pleased to announce that we are sufficiently protected with all goods in our line to care for your wants in case the Nation-Wide Strike is Called September 4th.

HALL & ROSS, Inc.

WE WANT YOUR BUSINESS

REPAIR YOUR ROOF

And Protect Your Property by Using Our Shingles or Rubber Roofing. All Grades of Shingles, and 1-, 2- and 3-Ply Rubber Roofing.

W. B. THORPE & COMPANY

BUILDERS' SUPPLIES AND COAL

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

WAR WAS MADE SIDE ISSUE

Threat of Railroad Strike Was Overshadowing Event of the Past Week. Clews' Review.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

New York, Sept. 3.—The threat of a railroad strike overshadowed all other events. Even the war temporarily became a side issue. Unfortunately, the controversy has developed ito more or less of a political issue because forced upon Congress at a most inopportune time. Fair and thorough discussion is difficult, if not impossible, at a time when Congressmen are anxious to return to prepare for a presidential election only two months away. The pressing desire to win votes is almost sure to warp legislative opinion; and legislation upon such an important subject would have been better could it have postponed until calmer and better informed public judgment was obtainable. Hasty legislation may easily prove unjust to either side; and at this stage the controversy should go no further than securing an impartial hearing and disinterested judgment before a competent tribunal of some sort.

Arbitration would secure a more permanent, just and satisfactory settlement than can ever be expected through fears of political consequences. This country needs some recognized method of settling such disputes without resort to violence or intimidation. Official investigation ought at least to be imperative before a strike; and something advantageous can be learned from the experience of Canada, where under very similar conditions, serious strikes have been practically abolished by a law which aims for peaceful settlement through mediation and arbitration. In Canada investigation before a strike is compulsory; but arbitration is not compulsory and both sides are free for further action after the dispute has been thoroughly ventilated. Public opinion is thus brought to bear upon both sides, thus paving the way for successful mediation and conciliation.

The most important event connected with the war for many weeks was the formal entrance of Rumania into the contest. Greece is expected to follow. In all probability, these events will tend to hasten the end. Fifteen nations are now at war. Germany will be likely to prolong resistance, however, for the reason that her lines will strengthen as they contract, and she will have the advantage of being at home and conducting her operations within a well organized circle of territory. Her forces are becoming more and more highly concentrated, while the Allies are more widely scattered upo nthe outside of the circle.

Our smashing foreign trade record is an old but interesting story. The total exports from the United States in July were $445,000,000 or $177,000,000 more than a year ago, and $291,000,000 more than in July, 1914. Imports for the same month were $182,000,000, or $39,000,000 ahead of a year ago. This left an excess of exports for the month of $262,800,000 compared with $125,000,000 last year. During the seven months of the calendar year, our exports aggregated $2,926,000,000, which was $956,000,000 in excess of last year; while imports reached $1,467,000,000, or about $450,000,000 more than last year. The excess of exports for this period amounted to $1,458,000,000, an increase of $497,000,000 in seven months.

While there was a moderate slowing down of exports in July, as usual at the end of the old crops, the general volume of exports upon this huge scale was well maintained, chiefly because of continued heavy munition shipments. The latter promise to be liberal for some time to come; but aside from this feature our export trade is in excellent condition, large foreign orders for railroad material having been received this week, which, though a direct sequence of th ewar, can hardly be classified as munitions. New York city is benefiting enormously by this expansion in foreign trade, nine-tenths of which belong outside of this port and simply pass through to other points. Since the war began, shipments from New York have about trebled in value. New York is really a port of great national importance. It is the nation's principal gateway and is entitled to more consideration than it receives from national legislators who usually make political capital by creating prejudice in other parts of the country against this center. These vast transactions have also been largely financed at this center, much to the advantage of our industries at large.

The stock market stood up against the railroad dispute with remarkable sturdiness, and declines were much less than anticipated. This may have been accounted for by belief that a strike would not materialize, also by the fact that the roads are exceptionally prosperous, or further that the market itself was in too sound a position to be seriously affected. General trade conditions continue active for the season and traffic is correspondingly large; in fact, unless the threatened strike curtails business, the car supply is in danger of being totally inadequate to meet demands. Crop news is still unfavorable, though corn is ripening more rapidly, and the wheat harvest is progressing. Cotton, however, shows very heavy deterioration, the government report indicating a condition of 61.2. This is a drop of about 20 points in two months, and compares with 69.2 a year ago. For the time being, the stock market is entirely influenced by the strike outlook, and the impending holiday. Should there be no strike, prices would quickly recover this week's decline; but if trouble is precipitated lower prices will follow; though the market is getting accustomed to all kinds of shocks and is less sensitive than usual to unfavorable news.

International Coin.

After the war the world will be a very different world from what it was before. Governments and their citizens will become vastly more democratic and travel will be more general between the people of the various nations, hence the money for the convenience of travelers especially should be simplified instead of remaining so confusing and so difficult of understanding as it is now throughout Europe, America, England, France and Germany ought to agree upon one international coin at least, representing an equal amount and value in absolute gold, which will pass current in each nation alike; each country to have its own stamp upon all they issue. If it worked well Japan, China, Russia and other nations if they so desired could be admitted into the combination.

This plan would make it easy for travelers going from one country to another. After the war there will be more world intercourse and a universal standard would materially help travelers and do away with the complications now caused by each country having its own coin money. It is also timely to suggest some other method of settling our foreign trade balances than by the crude and uneconomic method of gold shipments. Why send gold to and fro across the seas at considerable risk and expense, when if a suitable institution were created balances could be adjusted merely by a transfer of credits or shipments of certificates? The present methods of gold shipment are clumsy and worthy of the dark ages. When peace comes some better devices ought to be instituted.

HENRY CLEWS.

MARINE.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Grantley (Br.), 1,154 tons, Meldrum, Alex. Sprunt & Son.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.), 3,288 tons, Hollasm, Heide & Co.

Str. Kiel (Ger.), 2,872 tons, Lemke, Heide & Co.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

(Quoted Sept. 2 by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce.)

STAR OFFICE, Sept. 3.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nominal.

ROSIN—Nominal.

TAR—Nominal.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Nominal.

and $3.00.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 35¼c; rosin, 2.75, and $2.85; tar, $1.70-8c.; crude turpentine, $2.50, $2.50, $1.50.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine 17
Rosin 80
Tar 48
Crude Turpentine ... ...(—)

Receipts — Same day last year: Spirits turpentine, 8 casks; rosin, 46 barrels; tar, 70 barrels; crude turpentine, (—) barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—15½c.; quotations same day last year, nominal.

Receipts—113 bales; same day last year, 107 bales.

Total receipts since August 1, to date, 9,262 bales.

Total receipts to same date last year, 4,914 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Sept. 3.)

SWEET POTATOES—Yams, new, 75c. to 85c. bushel.

IRISH POTATOES—$1.00 to $1.15.

CORN—$1.90 to $1.95 per sack.

BEEF—Native dressed, 8c to 9c, dull.

PORK—Small, 10c. to 11c. per pound.

WOOL—Burry, 18 to 20c.; first class washed wool, 25c. to 28c.; highest grade, washed, 35c.

SHEEP—Old, good quality, gross, 2 1-2 to 3c pound. Lambs, best quality, 6 to 7c pound.

HIDES — Green salt, 13c. to 14c.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON — Old hams, 22c.; sides and shouldeers, 17c. to 18c. per pound; good demand.

BEESWAX — Firm, 28c. per pound; good demand.

POULTRY—Chickens, grown, 45c to 50c.; spring, 20c. to 30c. head.

EGGS—30c. to 32c. dozen.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, Sept. 3. — North Carolina Peanuts—Market weaker. Fancy hand-picked, 56c.; No. 1 machine picked, 50c. per bushel.

Virginia Peanuts—Market, steady. Jumbos, 60c; fancy hand picked, 55c; No. 1, machine picked, 50c per bushel.

Spanish Peanuts — Market weaker; No. 1, small, machine picked, 65c.; Jumbos, 60c. per bushel.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, Plummer & Co., Inc.)

Petersburg, Va., Sept. 3.—Spanish—Market weak and unsettled; $1 asked, and 90c bid.

Virginia—Farmers' Stock, market quiet. Fancy Jumbo, 3½c per lb.; Fancy Handpicked, 3¼c per lb.; Extra Prime, 3c per lb.; Prime, 2¾c per lb.; Shelling stock, 2c to 2½c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

Most Sensational Trading in 13 Years. Prices Highest Since 1909.

New Orleans, Sept. 3.—The cotton market last week witnessed the heaviest and most sensational trading in 13 years, and the fluctuations were the widest and prices the highest since 1909.

The weather will be anxiously watched this week for any changes which may affect the crop, either for good or bad. Of increasing importance is the attitude of the growers toward the advance. Bears expect the producers to turn loose an avalanche of cotton at the present high prices, if they are able to gather it. On the other hand, bullish traders expect planters will use the same busines ability this season which they displayed last season in meeting the problems which confronted marketing of the crop.

A new phase of the situation may be brought about by the working of the new Federal cotton futures act, which went into effect the first of this month, and allows American traders to operate once more in the Liverpool market. For two years English traders have had a monopoly of the international straddle business and the trade is curious to see what will happen with American interests taking a hand in it again.

HOME DEMONSTRATION WORK

Miss Ada Edwards Takes Up Duties in Lenoir County.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kinston, N. C., Sept. 3.—Miss Ada Edwards, of Goldsboro, will tomorrow start work here as Lenoir county's first home demonstration worker. She will have the supervision of all women's and girls' club work in the county. The county commissioners and board of education are jointly defraying the expense of the service, which will be permanent. The county authorities are hopeful of creating more interest in canning club work, especially, as an inducement to home gardening and the production of more truck.

WEEK'S REVIEW IN STOCKS

All Other Considerations and Developments Lost Sight of in the Railway Labor Situation.

New York, Sept. 3.—All other considerations and developments of the financial week were lost sight of in the railway labor situation, which approached its crisis just before the adoption of the 8-hour law by the lower house in Congress. Wall Street entered upon its double holiday in the firm belief as indicated by the strength of the market, that the measure would pass the Senate and become a law in time to avert the threatened strike.

In the opinion of conservative forces, it is too soon to expect more than a general opinion as to the effect of this important legislation upon the value of securities.

Rails were under more or less restraint in the stock market though coming forward later with other investment shares. The trend of speculation, which lacked the volume and scope of the preceding week, was clearly towards industrials and shipping issues. Mercantile marines took first place.

Metal shares also improved perceptibly, the increased and extra dividends declared by the extra copper producers being followed by the high records of Inspiration Copper and some of the zinc issues. Automobile issues moved contrarily most of the time, Studebaker and Willys-Overland being heavy to weak, while the accessories were decidedly strong. United States Steel came within 1-8c of its record quotation of last week, selling equivalent to 99 1-4 minus its regular and extra dividends of 2 1-4 per cent and other industrials of the same class manifested a higher tendency.

COTTON GOODS MARKET

Prices Have Advanced Very Fast. Markets Very Strong.

New York, Sept. 3.—Cotton goods markets have ruled very strong and at times excited. Prices have advanced very fast and to higher levels in many instances than any reported in the boom of 1907. Standard prints will be advanced to 7 1-4c as of September 18, wide sheetings have been advanced to a basis of 37 1-2 cents for standard 10-4 goods, and many brown sheetings are at record levels, notably three yard sheetings at 9 cents, and standard Southern sheetings at 9 1-2c. Duck discounts have been shortened another 5 per cent, and are quoted at the highest prices that have ruled during the present geenration of traders. A great many goods have been withdrawn from sale pending a more settled condition of cotton. Colored cottons are reaching toward still higher levels, most of the standard eastern lines of dress ginghams being held at value. The volume of business has been checked by the cautious attitude of mills that are not provided with cotton and do not know whether to buy or stay out while prices are so high. Jobbers have been doing a very good trade and there has been more disposition shown of late to cover requirements in spring lines. The yarn and knit goods markets have been exceedingly strong. Labor scarcity continues to cut down the productions in mills especially in the East. Prices current are as follows:

Printcloths, 28 inch, 64x64s, 4 5-8c; 64x60s, 4 1-2; 38 1-2 inches 64x64s, 6 5-8c, brown sheets, Southern standards, 9 1-2c; denims, 9 ounce nominals; 2.20 ounce, indigo 13 1-2c; tickings, 8 ounce 16c; standard prints 7 1-4, staple ginghams, 8c, and dress ginghams, 10 1-4c, the two latter at value.

CORNERSTONE OF EPISCOPAL CHURCH AT WILLIAMSTON LAID

Bishop Darst Assisted by Rev. J. H. Griffth and Well Trained Choir.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kinston, N. C., Sept. 3.—The cornerstone of the new Episcopal Church of the Advent was laid at Williamston last Wednesday afternoon by the Rt. Rev. Thos. C. Darst, D. D., bishop of East North Carolina, assisted by the Rev. John H. Griffth, editor of the official organ of the diocese, and a well-trained choir of selected voices under the direction and training of Miss Helen Maynard, connected with the Williamston graded school faculty. A goodly number of interested friends of the donor, Mrs. James Grist Staton, and members of the various churches of the town participated in the interesting service. This new church is the gift of Mrs. Staton to the parish and diocese, and when completed will be one o fthe most attractive church edifices in the State. It is to be strictly ecclesiastical in every line, and will be of gray pressed brick with limestone trimmings and red tile roof. It is expected that the church will be completed by early winter.

KNIGHTS OF EZELAH HAVE OUTING AT LAKE WACCAMAW

Lumberton Boys Return After a Delightful Camping Trip.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, N. C., Sept. 3.—The Knights of Ezelah returned Friday evening from a several days' camping trip at Lake Waccamaw. Through the courtesy of Mr. Oscar High, of Whiteville, N. C., his cottage on the shores of the Lake was used as camp, the party arriving in automobiles and pitching camp last Tuesday afternoon.

Sessions of th eorder were held each morning, the Knights receiving the instructions of their leaders and perfecting themselves in the work of the order. The remainder of the day was given up to the enjoyment of the pleasures afforded by that charming beauty spot, for Lake Waccamaw has every natural advantage and physical beauty to charm the eye and exalt the spirit. With swimming and boating and feasting on the good things afforded by the waters of the Lake and from the neighboring farms, prepared by the culinary art of that Afro-chef, John Coggins, the boys grew fat and rosy from exposure to sun, water and air.

Through the courtesy of Mr. Kinchin Council, with Mr. George Council as skipper, on Thursday afternoon a visit to the Indian Mounds was enjoyed by the party, illumiated by stories from the superintendent-in-charge illustrating the habits, manners and customs of the two historic tribes formerly inhabiting the shores of the Lake, interspersed with the narration of legends and traditions extant relating to the former Indian life' till each young mind felt the watchful eyes of Indian braves peering at him from every shadow and from behind each moss-covered tree. The return to camp was made at sunset, their boat gliding down the shining pathway made by the light of the dying sun as it sank to rest in a blaze of glory. After a hearty supper the curfew call to prayer at 9 o'clock was answered by eleven tired but happy boys.

The members of the order forming the party are as follows: Raymond Musselwhite, Eugene Musselwhite, Walter Lee Jenkins, Marvin Seabolt, Harrel Humphreys, Max Weinstein, Israel Weinstein, James Reagan, Reagan Floyd, Carlyle Bethea, McMillan Fisher, Mr. F. L. Ford, superintendent-in-charge.

THREE ARE GIVEN TWENTY YEARS IN PENITENTIARY

Several Important Cases Passed Upon in Pitt Superior Court.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Greenville, N. C., Sept. 3.—Superior court adjourned here Friday, this finishing the criminal term of the two weeks' court held by Judge Lyon. There have been several important cases and it has been a busy week. The road force has bee nmaterially increased and four go to the penitentiary. There was also the usual number of submissions and fines and penalties paid, adding something to the school fund.

The most important case, or that which attracted most attention, was that of E. P. Stokes, Joe Stokes and Julia Gardner, for killing William Whichard, last May. It was a bad case and beginning Wednesday morning ended last night with a verdict of murder in the second degree. F. G. James & Son, assisted the Solicitor in prosecuting and Albion Dunn and W. F. Evans represented the defendants. The jury was out about five hours before coming to a verdict. Judge Lyon gave the defendants twenty years each in the penitentiary. E. P. Stokes is nearing sixty years and Julia Gardner is sixty-five, so this sentence virtually means for life unless shortened by clemency on the part of some executive.. Joe Stokes, the son of E. P. Stokes and Julia Gardner, is about eighteen years old.

In the case of James Whichard, colored, for killing Stephen Ward, also colored, the solicitor changed the charge from murder to manslaughter and the defendant entered a plea of guilty. He was given a term of three years in the penitentiary. This is a case in which Whichard shot at one negro and killed an innocent and unsuspecting bystander, Stephen Ward.

UNIVERSALISTS TO MEET

Annual State Convention at Smith's Chapel, Duplin County, the 22nd.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Kinston, N. C., Sept. 3.—The eleventh annual convention of the Universalist churches in North Carolina will be held at Smith's chapel, in Duplin county near Pink Hill, beginning September 22, it was announced here today. The 1915 convention was held at Red Hill, Sampson county, and the attendance was large, running from 400 on the opening day to 1,000 on the closing day. This year the attendance is expected to be even larger, as the place is more centrally located to the stronger churches. Smith's chapel is located in a thickly-settled community.

HOROWITZ JUNK SHOP

The Oldest. Most Reliable.

PRICES ARE NOW AT THE HIGHEST.

All Kinds of Rags, Tires Rubber, Metals and Rope.

109 S. WATER ST. 'PHONE 800-W.

J. F. LEITNER
ARCHITECT
27, 28, 29 Garrell Building

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

September 4, 1916.

Meteorological data for the day ending at 8 P. M., yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 72 degrees; at 8 P. M., 73 degrees; maximum, 83 degrees; minimum, 71 degrees; mean, 77 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .10 inch; rainfall for the month, to date, .10 inch.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday, 6 feet.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina—Probably fair Monday and Tuesday; rising temperature.

The Port Calendar Sept. 4, 1916.

Sun rises ... ... 5:47 A. M.
Sun sets ... ... 6:34 P. M.
Day's length ... ... 12 hrs. 47 min.

THE TIDES.

	High water. A.M.	P.M.	Low water. A.M.	P.M.
Wilmington	1:56	2:04	8:34	10:41
Southport	12:22	11:57	6:11	7:06
Masonboro Inl	12:11	11:46	5:51	6:46

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS

September 3, 1916.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperatures: Highest today.	Lowest Last night.	Precipitation at 8 P.M.
Abilene . . .	clear	90	—	.0
Asheville . .	clear	76	62	.0
Atlanta . . .	clear	82	68	.0
Augusta . . .	cldy	86	72	.22
Baltimore . .	clear	72	—	.0
Birmingham .	cldy	90	70	.0
Boston. . .	clear	68	—	.0
Charleston .	clear	82	72	.22
Charlotte . .	clear	80	68	.0
Chicago . . .	clear	82	—	.0
Galveston . .	clear	88	82	.0
Jacksonv. . .	clear	84	72	.0
Memphis. . .	clear	88	—	.0
Mobile. . . .	rain	90	76	3.10
Montgom'y .	cldy	90	72	.02
New Orl. . .	cldy	92	78	.0
New York . .	clear	72	—	.0
Oklahoma . .	clear	90	—	.18
Palestine . .	clear	92	72	.0
Pittsburg . .	clear	74	—	.0
Raleigh. . .	cldy	76	68	.0
Savannah. .	pt cldy	84	72	.0
Shreveport .	cldy	94	—	.0
St. Louis. . .	clear	86	—	.0
Washington.	clear	76	—	.0

BRAY BROTHERS
STOCKS & BONDS
GREENSBORO, N. C.

WE OFFER

20 Shares First National Bank of Statesville, N. C.

15 Shares Dixie Fire Insurance Co., Greensboro, N. C.

Prices and Information on Application.

Write Us a Line

We buy Whole Issues of Bonds. Write us What You Have for Sale.

Atlantic Coast Line
"The Standard Railroad of the South."
Excursion Fares
FROM WILMINGTON
OPEN TO THE PUBLIC.

WASHINGTON	$16.00
BALTIMORE	$16.00
PHILADELPHIA	$22.50
NEW YORK	$26.00
BOSTON (Via Norfolk)	$30.50
ASHEVILLE, N. C.	$14.05
WAYNESVILLE, N. C.	$15.35
LAKE TOXAWAY, N. C.	$15.75
BREVARD, N. C.	$14.95
HENDERSONVILLE, N. C.	$14.05
SALUDA, N. C.	$13.50
TRYON, N. C.	$13.20

Tickets on sale every day until Sept. 30, good to stop over; limited returning until Oct. 31.

$20.50—Cincinnati, Ohio.

Account First International Sweepstakes Motor Race. Tickets will be sold Sept. 1, 2 and 3, limited returning until Sept. 10.

$44.55—Kansas City, Mo.

Account National Baptist Convention (colored). Tickets will be sold Sept 2, 3 and 4; limited erturning until September 20.

$10.90—Savannah Ga.

Account National Baptist Convention (Colored). Tickets will be sold September 4 and 5, limited returning until September 14.

$35.10—Memphis, Tenn.

Account the Concatenated Order of Hoo Hoo. Tickets will be sold Sept. 7 and 8, limited returning until September 15.

$33.05—Cleveland, Ohio.

Account American Foundrymen's Association and American Institute of Metals. Tickets will be sold September 8, 9 and 10, limited returning until September 20.

$18.20—Washington, D. C.

Account Biennial Session G. U. O. O. F. (Colored). Tickets will be sold Sept. 8, 9, 10 and 11, limited returning until September 20.

$18.30—Chattanooga, Tenn.

Account Sovereign Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F. Tickets will be sold September 14, 15, 16 and 17, limited returning until September 27.

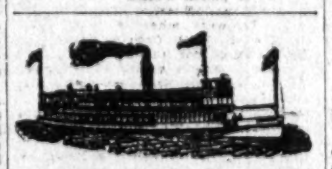
$33.05—Cleveland, Ohio.

Account Annual Convention, brotherhood of St. Andrew. Tickets will be sold October 1, 2 and 3, limited returning until Oct. 12.

$20.05—Jacksonville, Fla.
$21.45—State Camp, Fla.

Account the following important National events: Southern Rifle Association, October 11 and 12; National Rifle Association, October 13 to 19; National Rifle Practice, October 20 and 21; National Individual Rifle Match, October 23; National Pistol Match, October 24; National Team Match, October 24 to 26. Tickets will be sold to Jacksonville and return September 16, 17, 18, 23, 24, 25, 30; October 1 and 2; and to State Camp and return, October 7, 8, 9, 14, 15 and 16. All tickets will be limited returning until November 4, 1916. Reduced fares for parties of ten or more traveling together.

Proportionate Fares from Other Points on the
ATLANTIC COAST LINE,
"The Standard Railroad of the South."
'Phone 160.



STEAMER WILMINGTON
WINTER SCHEDULE
EFFECTIVE TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5

Leaves Wilmington . . . . 9:30 A. M.
Leaves Southport. . . . . 2:30 P. M.
Touches Carolina Beach Pier going and coming.

J. B. FOX, Agent.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY
The Progressive Railway of the South.
Effective May 28th, 1916.
DEPARTURE OF TRAINS FROM WILMINGTON:

No. 13—3:55 P. M.—Train for Charlotte and Intermediate Points. PULLMAN PARLOR CAR, WILMINGTON TO CHARLOTTE.

THROUGH DAILY PULLMAN SERVICE WILMINGTON TO ATLANTA — ALL STEEL CARS. ON FRIDAYS, THROUGH SLEEPER TO BIRMINGHAM.

No. 19—5:00 A. M.—Train for Charlotte and Intermediate Points. SLEEPING CAR BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND CHARLOTTE. Open at 10:00 P. M., for Passengers.

ARRIVAL OF TRAINS AT WILMINGTON:

No. 14—12:40 P. M.—Train from Charlotte and Intermediate Points. PULLMAN PARLOR CAR BETWEEN CHARLOTTE AND WILMINGTON.

THROUGH DAILY PULLMAN SERVICE ATLANTA TO WILMINGTON — ALL STEEL CARS. THROUGH SLEEPER FROM BIRMINGHAM SATURDAY.

No. 20—12:10 A. M.—Train from Charlotte and Intermediate Points. SLEEPING CAR BETWEEN CHARLOTTE AND WILMINGTON. PASSENGERP MAY REMAIN IN SLEEPER UNTIL 7:00 A. M.

For detailed information and reservations, call on City Ticket Agent, Orton Building. 'Phone 178.

R. W. WALLACE. H. E. PLEASANTS.
C. T. A. T. P. A.
Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST, D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

—EXCURSION—
FROM
WILMINGTON AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS TO NEW BERN,
MONDAY, SEPT. 4TH, VIA
ATLANTIC COAST LINE RAILROAD.

Train leaves Wilmington 7:30 A. M. Leaves New Bern, returning, 8:00 P. M. Fare, $1.25, round trip.

W. J. CRAIG. T. C. WHITE,
Pass. Traff. Mgr. Gen. Pass. Agt.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE
Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington, Exective Aug. 20, 1916.
Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90 3:40 A.M. Daily except Sunday.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad.	No. 91 1:15 A.M. Daily except Monday.
No. 51 5:20 A.M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, St. Petersburg, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia open to receive outbound passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied, inbound, until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50 12:20 A.M. Daily.
No. 64 5:15 A.M. Mon., Wed. and Fri. only.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 65 6:15 P.M. Mon., Wed. and Fri. only.
No. 48 8:40 A.M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. Parlor cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains having Pilman service.	Daily No. 49 6:05 P.M.
No. 53 8:45 A.M. Daily.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford. Parlor cars between Wilmington and Greensboro.	No. 52 5:00 P.M. Daily.
No. 62 3:25 P.M. Daily Except Sunday.	Jacksonville, Newbern and intermediate stations.	No. 63 12:50 P.M. Daily Except Sunday.
No. 55 3:45 P.M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Florence, Columbia, Augusta, Atlanta and the West. Charleston, Savannah and all Florida points. All Steel Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington, Augusta and Atlanta. Sleeping cars daily between Florence and Columbia, which may be occupied at Columbia until 7:00 A. M.	No. 54 12:50 P.M. Daily.
No. 57 6:20 P.M. Sunday only.	Chadbourn, Conway and intermediate points. Excursion train.	No. 58 9:15 A.M. Sunday only.
No. 59 6:30 P.M. Tues., Thurs., Sat. and Sunday only.	Fayetteville and Intermediate stations.	No. 60 10:15 A.M. Tues., Thurs., Sat. and Sunday only.
No. 42 6:45 P.M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains, carrying dining cars; also Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41 9:50 A.M. Daily.
No. 68 7:30 P.M. Sunday only.	Newbern and Intermediate points. Excursion train.	No. 69 10:15 A.M. Sunday only.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.
T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE
IN EFFECT SATURDAY, JUNE 3, 1916

WEEK-DAYS

Lv. "Electric Centre"	Lv. Beach.
6.15 A. M.	6.05 A. M.
6.55 A. M.	7.10 A. M.
7.25 A. M.	7.40 A. M.
8.00 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until	8.15 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until
5.30 P. M.	5.45 P. M.
6.10 P. M.	6.20 P. M.
6.30 P. M. and every half hour thereafter until	6.50 P. M. 7.15 P. M. and every half hour thereafter until
11.00 P. M.	11.45 P. M.
12.10 A. M.	

Express trains stop at Winter Park Gardens, Sea Gate, Wrightsville and all stations on the Beach.

Lumina Specials will stop at 5th, 7th and 9th Sts., in Wilmington, and at Lumina.

BUSINESS MEN'S EXPRESS

Leaving Lumina daily, except Sunday, at 7:40 A. M., leaving Front and Princess streets daily, except Saturday and Sunday, at 6:10 P. M., stopping at Winter Park Gardens, Sea Gate, Wrightsville and all stations on the Beach.

FREIGHT

Lv. Wilmington	Lv. Beach.
6.00 A. M.	7.05 A. M.
9.30 A. M.	12.15 P. M.
3.30 P. M.	6.15 P. M.
7.00 P. M.	8.15 P. M.

Freight Depot open daily, except Sunday, from 8:00 A. M. until 1:00 P. M., and from 2:00 P. M. until 7:00 P. M.

Freight Depot Telephone, No. 96.

SUNDAYS

Lv. "Electric Centre"	Lv. Beach.
7.00 A. M.	6.40 A. M.
8.30 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until	7.45 A. M. 9.15 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until
11.00 P. M.	11.45 P. M.
12.10 A. M.	

Express trains stop at Winter Park Gardens, Sea Gate, Wrightsville and all stations on the Beach.

Lumina Specials will stop at 5th, 7th and 9th Sts., in Wilmington and at Lumina.

FREIGHT

Lv. Wilmington	Lv. Beach.
11.00 A. M.	12.15 P. M.

Freight Depot open 10 to 11 A. M.

Freight Depot Telephone, No. 96.

BURETT H. STEPHENS
ARCHITECT
38—39 GARRELL BUILDING
WILMINGTON, N. C.

CLYDE LINE
TO NEW YORK
AND
GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.
Steamship Cherokee, Sat., September 2
Steamship Cherokee, Wed., September 20

Wilmington to Georgetown.
Steamship Cherokee, Fri., September 1
Steamship Cherokee, Tues., September 12

Wilmington to New York.
Steamship Cherokee, Tues., September 5
Steamship Cherokee, Sat., September 16

CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO.
C. J. BECKER, Agent.
Wilmington, N. C.

General Offices: Pier 36 N. R., New York

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY
The Progressive Railway of the South
Bulletin of Round-Trip Fares in Effect from Wilmington:

ASHEVILLE, N. C.	$14.02
BLACK MOUNTAIN, N. C.	$14.05
HENDERSONVILLE, N. C.	$14.02
HICKORY, N. C.	$10.82
EDGEMONT, N. C.	$12.85
PINEOLA, N. C.	$19.30
LENOIR, N. C.	$11.80

Tickets on sale daily until October 15th, limited returning Midnight October 31st.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN	$18.30

On sale September 14, 15, 16, 17; limited returning Midnight September 27th.

WASHINGTON, D. C.	$13.20

On sale September 8, 9, 10, 11; limited returning Midnight, September 20th.

CLEVELAND, OHIO	$33.05

On sale October 1, 2, 3; limited returning Midnight, October 12.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA.	$20.95

On sale September 16, 17, 18, 23, 24, 25, 30; October 1, 2; limited returning Midnight November 4th.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN	$18.30

On sale September 14, 15, 16, 17; limited returning Midnight September 27th.

SAVANNAH, GA.	$10.90

On sale September 4, 5; limited returning Midnight, September 14th.

For further information, call 'Phone 178, City Ticket Office, Orton Hotel Building.

H. E. PLEASANTS,
T. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST,
D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

MOUNTAIN EXCURSION TO ASHEVILLE, N. C.,
"The Land of the Sky"
TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5th, 1916.
—via—
SOUTHERN RAILWAY.
Tickets Limited Six Days. Through Pullman Cars and Coaches.
SCHEDULE AND ROUND TRIP FARES AS FOLLOWS:

Lv. Goldsboro	2:00 P. M.	$6.75
Lv. Selma	3:00 P. M.	$6.25
Lv. Raleigh	4:05 P. M.	$5.75
Lv. Henderson	2:15 P. M.	$5.75
Lv. Oxford	2:55 P. M.	$5.75
Lv. Durham	3:08 P. M.	$5.75
Lv. Chapel Hill Sta	4:00 P. M.	$5.75
Lv. Burlington	6:25 P. M.	$5.75
Lv. Greensboro	7:20 P. M.	$5.00

Arrive Asheville Wednesday morning, September 6th.

Round trip fares in same proportion from intermediate points.

Returning, tickets will be good to leave Asheville on all regular trains up to and including all trains leaving Asheville Sunday, September 10th, 1916.

This is the Best Time of the Season to Visit the Mountains.

Asheville, Waynesville, Hendersonville, Lake Toxaway, Lake Junaluska, Brevard and Various Other Points.

Make Your Sleeping Car Reservations in Advance.

For sleeping car reservations and further information, ask Southern Railway Ticket Agents, or address

J. O. JONES,
Trav. Passenger Agt.,
Raleigh, N. C.

Read Star Business Locals.

LINCOLN MEMORIAL TO BE PRESENTED TODAY

President Wilson Will Take Part in the Ceremonies.

Will Be Held on Lincoln Farm Near Hodgenville, Ky.—Many of the Nation's Notable Figures Will Be There.

Hodgenville, Ky., Sept. 3.—All preparation for the ceremonies which will mark the presentation to the nation tomorrow of the log cabin in which Abraham Lincoln was born, the memorial which shelters it and the farm upon which it stands, have been completed.

Many of the nation's notable figures will be present, including President Wilson, who will deliver the principal address at the ceremonies, and Secretary of War Baker.

The crowd is expected to be the largest which ever gathered in central Kentucky.

President Wilson and his party is expected to arrive here on a special train about 9 o'clock tomorrow morning. They will be met at Louisville by a delegation of general committee which will be in charge of the preparations of the ceremonies. This delegation will accompany the President's party to Hodgenville, and here a fleet of motor cars will be awaiting to take them to Lincoln farm, about two miles away.

The presentation ceremonies will begin shortly after the arrival of the President and his party at the Lincoln Farm, probably about 11 o'clock.

THIRTEEN ZEPPELINS TOOK PART IN RAID OVER ENGLISH COAST

(Continued From Page One.)

firing, saw one of the raiders falling in flames in the north. News of the raid circulated during the evening and people waited up in expectation of seeing sights which became familiar last year.

They had almost given up hope when the firing of guns told them that Zeppelins were making an effort to reach the city. Only a few rounds were fired, however, as the defenses of London proved too strong for the raiders, the most daring of which had been struck and brought down in flames, a fact which soon was known to the whole city through the cheering of the crowds which had gathered at every point of vantage. Observers say the death agony of the Zeppelin lasted a minute and a half.

Many Bombs Dropped.

In the eastern counties visited many bombs were dropped but the extent of the damage and the number of casualties will not be known for certainty for some time. The night was a perfect one for Zeppelins. It was very dark with few stars visible and with no wind or rain to interfere with their maneuvers.

A correspondent of the Associated Press, who was in the eastern counties in the early morning, watched the bombardment of the Zeppelin which was destroyed. When first seen it was sailing with shrapnel bursting all around and searchlights centered no it. Suddenly the Zeppelin disappeared in a cloud of smoke emitted by itself.

The sky was clear at the time but the searchlights lost trace of their quarry. A minute afterward a light appeared in the sky like a brilliant comet which increased in intensity as it descended. Then the light spread out into flames, falling gradually until an altitude of about 1,000 feet was reached when it burst into an enormous sheet of flames, lighting up the surrounding country for miles.

Dashed Rapidly to Earth

Apparently the gasoline had caught fire and the airship dashed rapidly to the earth. From villages and towns went up loud cheers, but it was difficult to tell exactly where the airship had fallen. The people congratulated one another on the good marksmanship of the anti-aircraft guns. For some time searchlights were thrown skyward, searching for the companions of the ill-fated airship, but apparently without success. Immense crowds went from London and suburban towns today to visit the wreck of the Zeppelin which was lying a heap of ruins in a field. Notwithstanding the heavy rain prevailing, soldiers guarded the wreck and removed charred portions of the bodies which were found.

An eye-witness who reached the scene early said the charred remains of a big German engineer were found. The stands were still grasping a lever of the engine, the engineer apparently having clung on trying to steer the ship to the ground.

Some accounts say that a number of the crew jumped overboard to sav themselves from burning, but those familiar with Zeppelins think it would b impossible. Escope could only have been made through the exit and the rapidity of the descent would not have given them time.

Sces Charred Bodies of Men

The remnants of the destroyed Zeppelinform a heap of tangled wires and fused metal. The charred bodies of the men who manned the airship were seen by the correspondent of the Associated Press lying, covered with a terpalin, in the field where the airship fell.

As the mass of melting metal crashed to the earth it struck a country villa, which was partly destroyed, and killed three horses in a stable nearby.

There was no sign of life to be observed among the members of the crew when the airship reached the ground and it is probable that all had a quick death after the liquid fuel took fire.

All that was left of the engines was quickly detached and removed on military lorries for inspection. The crowds that gathered were not permitted a clone view of the bodies of the raiders which were closely guarded by soldiers.

Tokio, Sept. 3.—The first Japanese women to receive the degree of bachelor of science were among the recent graduates of Northern University at Sendai. Two women reiceved the degree. The opening of the university to women was only attained after a long discussion and considerable opposition.

Tokio, Sept. 3.—Lieut.-Commander Kotoku Midzuno, one of the best known officers of the Japanese navy, has left for Europe to make a study of its naval forces. At the conclusion of the present war Commander Midzuno will visit Germany, it is said, to make an investigation as to the condition and future possibilities of the German navy.

PREACHES SERMON ON LABOR

(Continued From Page Six).

at the command of the man himself should be devoted to things which make him better. He should read and study, and improve his home, and, above many other things, regard himself as a member of the community, which he should serve to the best of his ability. For I cannot bear the idea of a man's life being wholly devoted to his own affairs, and depriving others of the help and friendship which should come from him. His family will need much of his help and love, and his neighbor who has his burden to bear and his sorrow to suffer has a right to his friendly sympathy; 'for we are all members one of another.'

"Then, we must ask the question, 'Will the new order advance the Kingdom of Jesus?' It will only if professing Christians will really regard themselves as members of it, and will do what Jesus said: 'Seek ye first the Kingdom of God and His righteousness.'

"Jesus said, 'My kingdom is not of this world.' We must carefully consider our relation to it, and do everything in our power to make us better members of the Kingdom. 'From what is your life? It is even a vapour that appeareth for a little time and then vanisheth away.' (James 4:14). In the after life men will learn there is a philosophy of life which is grander than trying to advance their own selfish interests."

THINK THE FIGHT FOR VERDUN OVER

(Continued from Page One.)

the side altar is littered with broken carvings, statues and fallen chandeliers.

The handsome military club has one wing torn off and the whole establishment is a general wreck. The archbishop's residence has its famous sculptured walls peppered with shell holes and the adjoining College of Marguerite has its delicate stone filigree reduced almost to powder. The houses along the Meuse flanking the principal bridge are literally wrecked.

The town hall received 16 shells; one corner of the building is torn off and the clock tower is smashed. The mayor's office now is used as an emergency butcher shop.

A visit to one of the forts of the inner fortifications which is still shelling the Germans showed the fighting ground of Fleury at close range, Over the entrance of the fort was a notice to the garrison that the place was to be levelled in evtremity and never surrendered.

Fleury, lying to the right, showed not a single house standing, the whole village being levelled in a mass of ruins. This place has changed hands ten times and now is in the firm grip of the French with the Germans driven a half mile back of their former advance.

Returning to the citadel, General D..... gave a lunch in the subterranean defenses, which extend more than four miles in length.

SHACKLETON RESCUES THE MEMBERS OF HIS EXPEDITION

Returns to Chilean Port With the Men Safe and Well.

Punta Areanas, Chila, Sept. 3.—Lieut. Sir Ernest H. Shackleton has rescued the members of his Antarctic expedition who were marooned on Elephant Island. Shackleton returned here today with his men safe and well on board the rescue ship Yelcho.

Sir Ernest Shackleton left Punta Areanas August 26 with the ship Yelcho for a third attempt to rescue his men marooned on Elephant Island.

After the failure of his Antarctic expedition, Shackleton, with five members of his crew, managed to reach Fort Stanley, Falkland Islands, on May 31. Twenty-two others of the crew were left on Elephant Island on May 31. The first attempt to rescue these men was made in June and the second attempt in July, both failing on account of the ice.

STRIKE NARROWLY AVERTED ON SOUTHERN PACIFIC LINES

Error in Wording of First Code Message Revoking Strike Order.

Houston, Texas, Sept. 3.—A strike of trainmen on the Southern Pacific lines in Louisiana and Texas was averted tonight by the timely discovery and correction of an error in the code message sent from Washington revoking the general railway strike order. The code message as received here by J. L. Morgan, general chairman of the trainmen's organization, owing to a mistake in the wording, failed to revoke the original strike order and until a second dispatch was received at 9 o'clock tonight, correcting the error, preparations were continuing for the trainmen to quit work tomorrow morning. With the receipt of the second message orders were immediately issued to abandon plans for the strike.

PRESENTS FOUR DEMANDS.

For Settling of Clash Between Chinese and Japanese Troops.

Peking, China, September 3. — Baron Gonsuke Hayashi, the Japanese minister to China, has presented to the Chinese foreign office four demands for a settlement of the clash between Chinese and Japanese troops at Cheng Chiatun, Eastern Mongolia, August 13, when fifty Chinese and seventeen Japanese were killed or wounded.

One of the demands is the granting to Japan of police rights in Inner Mongolia. The Japanese insist that the demands are light, but the Chinese officials regard them as virtually an elimination of Chinese authority in inner Mongolia.

EMBARGOES LIFTED.

Four Railroads Countermand Their Previous Orders.

New York, September 3. — Embargoes placed on freight by the New York Central, the New York, New Haven and Hartford, the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, and the Lehigh Valley railroads were countermanded today by officials of those four roads, after the signing of the 8-hour ay bill by President Wilson.

Grand Rapids, Mich., September 3. — No fatalities will result from the wreck last night of the southbound resort flyer of the Grand Rapids and Indiana railroad, at Wilkins' Switch, near Hancelona, Mich., according to surgeons of the road. Fully fifty persons were injured, some of them seriously.

Atlanta, Ga., September 3. — Joseph Richardson, for the past 20 years chairman of the Southeastern Passenger Association, died at his home here today. He was found unconscious in bed early yesteray. Death came later, without his regaining consciousness.

ADVANCE ALONG FRONT OF FOUR MILES MADE BY THE ANGLO-FRENCH

(Continued From Page One).

correspondent of the Havas news agency. The correspondent adds:

"The Entente Powers aim to protect themselves from the actions of foreigners who notoriously are thenr enemies and are acting against them.

"The adjournment of the elections was decided in according with the Entente powers whose assurances tranquilled the capital. The development of opinion in favor of the Entente powers is spreading over the entire kingdom."

DEMAND CONTROL OF POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS IN GREECE

Athens, Sept. 3 (via London).—Representatives at Athens of Great Britain and France this evening presented to the Greek government a note demanding control over the Greek posts and telegraphs and insisting on the deportation from Greece of agents of the Central Powers. The note reads as follows:

"By order of their governments, the undersigned ministers of France and Great Britain have the honor to bring the following communication to the attention of the Greek government:

"First. The two allied governments having fro ma sure source learned that their enemies receive information in divers ways and notably through the agency of the Greek telegraphs, demand the control of the posts and telegraphs, including the wireless system.

"Second. Enemy agents employed in co-operation and espionage must immediately leave Greece, not to return until the conclusion of hostilities.

"Third. Necessary measures have been taken against such Greek subjects as have rendered themselves guilty of complicity in the above mentioned co-operation and espionage."

The note formed the subject of a conference between King Constantine Premier Zaimis and Dr. Streit, a former minister of foreign affairs. It is understood that there will be no objection on the part of the Greek government to the acceptance of the Anglo-French demands.

TWO VILLAGES ARE TAKEN IN JOINT ANGLO-FRENCH ATTACK

Paris, Sept. 3.—The villages of Forest and Clery-Sur-Somme and all the German positions between these two points have been captured by the French and British in a joint attack after intense artillery preparation. More than 2,000 prisoners as well as 12 cannon and 50 machine guns were taken."

The official statement issued by the war office, making this announcement, also reported progress for the French troops in the neighborhood of Fleury with the capture of 300 prisoners. The text of the statement reads:

"North of the Somme after artillery preparation French infantry in conjunction with the British army attacked shortly before midday the German positions on a front of about six kilometres (3 and 3-4 miles) reaching from the region north of Maurepas to the river with remarkable dash, against which the resistance of the enemy was useless for the moment.

"Our troops swept away large enemy forces and carried all their objectives. The villages of Forest, east of Maurepas, and Clery-Sur-Somme are entirely in our possession.

"North of Forest we have taken all the German trenches along the road from Forest to Combles, as far as the outskirts of Combles.

"Between Forest and Clery-Sur-Somme we also carried all the enemy positions, and crossed at numerous points the road connecting these two places."

PART OF GINCHY AND ALL OF GUILLEMONT CAPTURED

London, Sept. 4.—The British, with the co-operation of the French on their left wing, succeeded Sunday in capturing part of the village of Ginchy and the whole of Guillemont, according to the official statement issued from general headquarters late last night. They gained ground also east of the Mouquet farm and captured several hundred prisoners. The text of the statement reads:

"In co-operation with the French on our immediate right, we attacked the enemy Sunday at several points. We captured part of Ginchy and the whole of Guillemont. Our front now runs some 500 yards east of Guillemont from Ginchy to near Falfemont Farm.

"On the east side of Moquet Farm we also gained ground. We captured several hundred prisoners.

"Between our right and the Somme the French made substantial progress, capturing a considerable number of prisoners. The fighting continues.

"Aircraft did useful work co-operating with the artillery and infantry. The enemy aeroplanes which made desperat eattempts to itnerfere were successfully engaged."

RUSSIANS WERE DRIVEN BACK WITH THE BAYONET

Berlin, via London, September 3.—Strong Russian attacks made against the Austro-German forces north of Zborow, in the Galician region, east of Lemberg, were repulsed in bayonet fighting, says the official statement issued today by the German army headquarters staff. In the Carpathians, the statement adds, Teuton positions on the Ploska height, south of Zielona, were taken by the Russians after many fruitless stormings.

German and Bulgarian troops have crossed the Dobrudja frontier in southeastern Rumania, between the Danube and the Black sea, the German official statement added. The Rumanian frontier guards were driven back with losses.

DUTCH STEAMER TORPEDOED.

Says Dispatch From Amsterdam to Reuter's Telegram Company.

London, September 3. — A dispatch to Reuter's Telegram Company from Amsterdam states that the Dutch steamer Zeerarend has been torpedoed. The crew was saved.

The Zeerarend was 147 feet long and of 462 tons gross. She was built in 1913 and was owned at Rotterdam.

El Paso, Texas, Sept. 3.—With the holding of local elections today through out Mexico as the first step in re-establishing civil government Juarez voted for mayor. This is the first election since the overthrow of Madero and the people made a holiday of it.

St. Louis, September 3. — Charles E. Hughes spent Sunday resting in St. Louis and left tonight for Nashville, Tenn. He is due to reach there tomorrow, and will address a night meeting there. It will be his first speech in a Southern city since his nomination.

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FOR RENT — BUILDING AT 4TH AND Nixon streets, formerly used for grocery store. Electric lights, water, sewerage. $12.50 per month. Apply Bishop B. Pridgen, 1125 North 4th. se4-4t

FOR SALE — BURR CLOVER SEED IN the burr. Farmers, now is the time to plant while we are having warm weather and rains; sow 50 pounds to the acre; price 10 cents pound in 100 pound lots, delivered. J. C. Killebrew, Penlo, N. C. se4-10t

BRIGHT, INTELLIGENT BOY, WHO can handle typewriter preferable, with some knowledge of stenography, wanted for light office work. Address stating salary expected and giving references, "Elon," care Star office. se4-1t

WANTED—FOR MILL AND HOUSE work, 35 slate and tin roofers, 15 plasterers, 10 cement finishers, 5 plumbers and 60 brick masons, white or colored. Apply Tallahassee Power Co., Badin, N. C., near Whitney, Stanley Co. se 2-6t

FOR RENT—TWO OR THREE GOOD rooms upstairs, with lights and bath, two piazzas. In private family, good location. Address "B" care Star. se 2-2t*

FOR SALE — SIX CLOTHING TABLES. Cost $20.00 a piece; will sell for $5.00 a piece. Apply J. M. Solky & Co., No. 9 North Front st. se3-2t

FOR RENT — 206 NORTH SECOND ST., six rooms and bath second floor. Rooms southern exposure; finest and one of largest porches in city, facing south and west; not a more convenient location in the city; no car fares to pay; two minutes' walk from any down town business. 'Phone Chas. A. Price, 648-J, or your real estate agent. $30.00 monthly. Occupancy October 1st. se3-3t

LOOK OVER OUR LIST OF HOUSES for rent for the present, as well as October 1st. Have them in city, Carolina Place, Carolina Court. Cottages, large and small. L. W. Moore Renting Agency. se3-2t

WANTED—TO RENT A SMALL PLACE within three miles of city, suitable for dairy. Write "Small Place," care Star. se3-2t*

FOR SALE—BEEF REFRIGERATOR, only used short time, inside measurements, 6 feet high, 3 feet 3½ inches wide, 5 feet long, has capacity 600 pounds. A sacrifice to quick buyer. Ray Henderson, Verona, N. C. se 2-3t*

OLD NEWSPAPERS, SUITABLE FOR wrapping or placing under carpets, tied up in neat bundles and for sale at this office, 10 cents per hundred. mh 23-tf

SALESMEN—WE DESIRE A FORCE- ful and aggressive salesman to sell our 1918 line of high-class calendars, leather goods and novelties in Wilmington and adjacent territory. Will consider applications only from men of reliable character and real selling ability. Thos. J. Beckman Co., 310 N. Eleventh street, Philadelphia, Pa. se3-3t

WANT TO HIRE FIVE MULES TO log with, or want man with 5 teams to log mill by job. Apply to A. W. Mallard, Rose Hill, N. C. se3-8t

FOR SALE — VESSEL'S YAWL, WITH gasolene engine. Can be seen at foot of Orange street. Apply to J. J. Darby, Wilmington Steam Laundry. se3-2t

TO CAROLINA BEACH PIER AND return on steamer Wilmington, 15 cents. Boat leaves at 7:30. se 2-2t

ON ACCOUNT OF LABOR DAY, THE Steamer Thelma will receive freight for Cape Fear river Tuesday, September 5th until 10 a. m., and sail at 10:30. W. D. Blizzard, Agent. se3-2t*

SPECIAL — FIRST OF THE SEASON. Home-made all pork sausage, milk veal, cutlets and chops, 25c.; choice western and native beef. Our lamb the best yet. Creamery butter, 35c.; fresh eggs, 38c. 'Phone or call early. Batson's Meat Market. 'Phone No. 72. se1-tf

EXPECT A CLASH WITH VILLISTAS AT ANY MOMENT

Carranza Forces are Pursuing the Bandits Northward.

Chihuahua, Mexico, Sept. 3.—General Jacinto Trevino stated today that the commands of constitutionalists under General Cavazos and Colonel Zuaski are expected at any moment to come into contact with the main body of Villistas, now moving north. Another pursuing colmn under Colonel Medina captured three prisoners and a large number of horses in a skirmish today with a detached band near Cieneguillas, Chihuahua.

According to a Villista spy, captured at Santa Ysabel today, Villa is still badly crippled by his wounds and rides between two body guards who give him their support when his strength gives out.

FOR SALE — 1,000 TONS 71-2 PER cent prime cotton seed meal, at a very low price. Wire me, collect, if you are interested; I can sell you. V. B Sharpe, Marion, N. C. mh9-tf

DOGS FOR SALE—POINTERS, setters and hounds, trained or untrained. Write for prices and descriptions. North Side Kennels, Box 136, High Point, N. C. au27-10t

DISTANCE YOU TRAVEL MAKES NO difference with one of our standard make trunks. They stand all tests. A complete line of leather goods. For quality see Uncle Charles. au9-tf

FOR SALE — SEVEN ROOM RESI- dence, 109 North Thirteenth street (Winoca); all modern conveniences; near trolley line; lot 55x112. 'Phone 1146-J or call. au11-tf

FOR RENT—TWO-STORY DWELLING, seven rooms, with all modern conveniences; 313 Grace street. Possession given at once. Apply W. C. Peterson, 'Phone 208-J jy16-tf

LEARN TO WRITE SHORTHAND right. Stenographers in big demand; $50.00 pays for entire course; $5.00 monthly. Day and night lessons. Leon L. Motte, Court Stenographer, 105 Church street; 'phone 737-W au20-30t

SUGAR—GRANULATED, 7 1-2c; LARD, compound, 12c; pure lard, 15c; honeycomb, 15c; sweet mixed pickles, 20c quart. Cheapest steady prices in town. Ask for price list. A Renik, cor. 5th and Nixon. 'Phone 827. au30-7t

HOUSTON AND SONS WANT YOUR shoes to repair. Call 514 for the best work and material. 712 Castle st. au29-7t

RAINCOATS FOR LADIES AND GEN- tlemen. Make up full stitch in black, olive and grey. Guaranteed not to take water. Price, $3.50. Write for samples. Storm Raincoat Company, 116 West Bank St., Petersburg, Va. au27-tf

UNREDEEMED ITALIAN SOLID SIL- ver tea set. Worth $45.00 unredeemed price, $16.50 at Uncle Charles' Pawn Shop, No. 6 South Front St. Phone 642. au27-tf

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED room, modern conveniences; 216 North Second street; 'Phone 773. jy25-tf

PLACE YOUR ORDERS FOR MAGA- zines and newspapers with Gordon Bros., 17 Princess street. 'Phone 745. au11-tf

WANTED — YOUNG MAN WHO CAN handle a typewriter and preferably with some knowledge of stenography, for clerical work in office. Address, giving references and stating salary expected. "Elon," care Star office. se3-3t

FOR RENT — 103 SOUTH EIGHTH ST. 'Phone 745. Gordon Bros. se1-tf

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VICTOR RECORDS
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$15 to $200 Each.
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Look forward and act now. There is no doubt in your mind that you will need money. Don't expect to make it suddenly.
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